Application Ref: NP/19/0657/FUL

Case Officer Sally Tyler **Applicant** Mr A Muskett

Agent Mr J Pickford, Acanthus Holden Ltd

Proposal Upgrading of existing car parking facility and interpretation

boards, cladding of toilets and shelter canopy.

Site Location Broad Haven Car Park, Broad Haven, Haverfordwest,

Pembrokeshire

Grid Ref SM86281400

Date Valid 06-Dec-2019 Target Date 09-Mar-2020

Consultee Response

PCNPA Planning Ecologist: Support

Natural Resources Wales: Conditional consent

Dyfed Archaeological Trust: No objection

PCC - Transportation & Environment: No objection

Coal Authority: Conditional Consent

PCC - Drainage Engineers: Standard Advice

Public Response

A site notice and neighbour notification letters were posted in accordance with requirements of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (Wales) Order 2012. 1 no. public response has been received. The scheme has also been subject to a full pre-application consultation process with the wider community and interested parties prior to submission of this application.

Comments received state: "In principle we support the project's objectives, except for the following":

Increase in hard surfacing to the west of the site will exacerbate flooding in the rear gardens of adjacent properties – a large proportion of the surfacing proposed to be laid across the entire site will be permeable – this will deliver significant drainage gain over the site as a whole, as the current surface is largely laid to impermeable tarmac. The hard surfaced area to the west of the site (in the floodplain) will be increased by approximately 150m² as a result of the development. The scheme will require SUDS approval, as a separate application in addition to planning consent, where a full technical assessment of sustainable drainage provision across the entire site will be made – if any further drainage provision is required as part of the scheme, due to development in the floodplain, this will be highlighted in the SUDS application.

The following categories of flood zone affect the far western corner of the site and the rear garden of 1 no. adjacent residential property:

- High risk surface water flood zone a small area of the site immediately adjacent to the banks of the watercourse
- Low risk surface water flood zone the far western area of the site & part of the rear garden of the adjacent property
- Tidal flood zone 2 (a lesser severity flood event which is likely to happen once every 200 years) – the far western area of the site & part of the rear garden of the adjacent property
- Tidal flood zone 3 (a more severe flood event which is likely to happen once in every 1000 years) – a small area of the site & part of the rear garden of the adjacent property

The public conveniences and pumping station are not located in any of the flood zones. The western extremity of the footpath, a stretch of Haroldston Hill road (C3028), the existing fen area (to be retained), the proposed swale, part of the proposed picnic area, part of the proposed childrens play area and part of the adjacent rear garden to the west of the site do lie within the tidal flood zones and are at risk from tidal inundation.

In consultation, the Drainage Department at PCC have noted that they do not have record of historic flood events on the site – they have advised that the Authority seek further clarification on flood risk from NRW – please refer to the Drainage section of the main report for further information on these consultations. As the proposed increase in the area of hard surfacing in the western area of the site is minimal, as a swale will be introduced in this area to provide attenuation, and as a hedgebank will be introduced to provide further containment for river incursions, it is not considered that the development will exacerbate flood risk to neighbouring properties to an unacceptable degree.

Consultation from NRW regarding flooding states "given the limited extent of flood risk, the location of the flood risk shown to be affecting the application site and the absence of a Flood Consequences Assessment, we consider the proposals could be acceptable, subject to the applicant / developer being made aware of the potential flood risk to these areas. Nevertheless, you may wish to contact [Drainage Department at PCC] to confirm whether they are aware of any local flooding issues at the site". Drainage Department at PCC has been contacted, as stated above.

The representation states that 'flood plain storage can help reduce impact of flooding'. Flood plain storage will be provided as part of the scheme in the western area of the site through creation of a swale. Sustainable drainage provision throughout the wider site will be achieved to an acceptable degree by alteration of large non-permeable tarmac area to permeable supported gravel.

"The stone wall and narrow entrance to [the] footpath prevents much of the water runoff from the road running down [the]...footpath onto the Haroldston Stream's floodplain and our land. This water runoff will increase significantly if part of the stone wall abutting the road is removed to widen the pedestrian access": It has not been raised by either Natural Resources Wales or the

Drainage Department at PCC that removal of part of the boundary wall to the site abutting Haroldston Hill will exacerbate flooding in the rear gardens of any neighbouring properties to any degree. Proposed implementation of a hedgebank to the western extremity of the site along the watercourse drop-off and introduction of a swale will in fact *improve* floodwater containment in this area.

It is not considered that the widening of the footpath in the western area of the site will cause *'negative impact'* on the flooding to the rear garden of the adjacent property to any degree.

"The tarmacadam footpath could be replaced with a permeable surface such as that used for the Splash Pond's boardwalk. We request that the tarmacadam be abandoned for a much more environmentally friendly and sustainable footpath surface – it will also increase natural ground absorption of excess surface and flood waters" – As the footpath in this area is currently laid to tarmac, it is considered that re-specification with a similar surface treatment in this location is acceptable. Specification of a tarmac surface offers durability for use, affordability within funding constraints, and no adverse comments have been received from the Authority's ecologist in relation to any adverse ecological impact caused by specification of this material. As previously discussed, sufficient drainage capacity has been provided in the western area of the site, and throughout the site as a whole. Any further drainage provision required will be highlighted in the separate SUDS application made to PCC. Therefore, specification of tarmac in this area is considered acceptable.

"Traffic calming and management measures [should be introduced] along the coastal road to improve pedestrian safety rather than widening of the entrance to the footpath" – In consultation, no pedestrian safety concerns have been raised by the Highways Department at Pembrokeshire County Council regarding pedestrian access to the site from the west. If residents wish for alterations to be made to pedestrian access to the site, or for traffic calming measures to be introduced beyond the application site, the Highways Department should be contacted as a separate matter to this planning application. The visibility splays at the pedestrian entrance to the site have been widened in the interest of road safety, and widening of these splays is considered a positive amendment to the arrangement of the site.

"High risks for children from river proximity and flooding in play area" - As previously discussed, in terms of flooding, it is considered that partial placement of the proposed children's play and picnic areas within the flood zone is acceptable, as within planning terms both of these are low-risk uses.

In terms of safety of placement of a play area next to a watercourse – the banks of the watercourse are currently open in parts, and densely vegetated with bushes for the majority by the existing fen area - a light-weight low-level fence is proposed to be added along the southern boundary of the fen as part of the scheme – this fence is a permanent (yet visually light-weight) feature, primarily intended to stop people and pets from entering the fen habitat and

watercourse to prevent interference with resident otters. However, the fence will also serve as a safety feature to prevent children from entering the watercourse. Positioning of this fence is considered sufficient mitigation to address safety concerns, as positive conscious action of crossing the fence will be required for anybody entering the watercourse from the proposed children's play or picnic areas. A hedgebank will also be introduced above the existing open drop-off into the watercourse immediately to the east of the bridge, which will also improve safety. The fen between the play area and the watercourse is vegetated with thick bushes, which are to remain untouched, which will in themselves provide a natural safety barrier along the banks. Any further safety concerns, in a flood event, or at any other time, would be addressed in the site based risk assessment, which would be created as part of the National Park's ongoing management of the site. Natural features, introduction of the fence and hedgebank and the ongoing site based risk assessment and management are considered sufficient mitigation to allow for the children's play and picnic areas to be located in the proposed proximity the watercourse.

"Disturbance to established wildlife from play area" – subject to favourable consultation response being received from NRW, it is considered that sufficient mitigation measures have been put in place to protect ecology on and in close proximity to the site, and that the development will not cause an unacceptable impact on nearby protected sites. The site itself does not lie within an area of ecological designation, but is subject to a number of protected species (badgers and otters) being present on this site, which have been subject to an enhanced protected species survey. No other protected species (including bats) have been identified on the site – but the existing fen area which could be used for bat foraging or commuting will be left untouched. In consultation to date, the Authority's ecologist is satisfied with the findings and recommendations of all ecological reports. Specific conditions have been included to deliver provision for badgers and otters at the site. At the time of writing this report, consultation on badger and otter provisions was still awaiting response from Natural Resources Wales - Officers will update Members verbally on the content of this consultation response once received, during the development management committee meeting. It is not considered that the scheme will adversely affect existing protected species or habitats at the site to an unacceptable degree. Further ecological enhancement of the site will be achieved by the suitable removal and disposal of invasive species which have been identified on the site (i.e. Japanese knotweed), introduction of locally sourced native herbaceous and grass species to all earth banks across the site, with native, locally sourced grass species also introduced underneath the Perfo grass surfacing and swales planted with native, locally sourced seed mix for species which enjoy wetland soils. As a result of the development, larger areas of planting will feature on the site than existing, and all existing trees and shrubs will be retained. Existing habitats will be further protected than is currently the case.

Policies considered

Please note that these policies can be viewed on the Policies page Pembrokeshire Coast National Park website - http://www.pembrokeshirecoast.org.uk/default.asp?PID=549

LDP Policy 01 - National Park Purposes and Duty

LDP Policy 06 - Rural Centres

LDP Policy 08 - Special Qualities

LDP Policy 09 - Light Pollution

LDP Policy 10 - Local Sites of Nature Conservation or Geological Interest

LDP Policy 11 - Protection of Biodiversity

LDP Policy 15 - Conservation of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park

LDP Policy 29 - Sustainable Design

LDP Policy 30 - Amenity

LDP Policy 32 - Surface Water Drainage

LDP Policy 34 - Flooding and Coastal Inundation

LDP Policy 35 - Visitor Economy

LDP Policy 48 - Community Facilities and Infrastructure Requirements

LDP Policy 53 - Impacts on traffic

PPW10

SPG02 - Low Impact Development making a positive contribution

SPG05 - Sustainable Design

SPG06 - Landscape

SPG11 - Coal Works - Instability

SPG13 - Archaeology

SPG22 - Seascape Character

TAN 05 - Nature Conservation and Planning

TAN 07 - Outdoor Advertisement Control

TAN 12 - Design

TAN 13 - Tourism

TAN 14 - Coastal Planning

TAN 15 - Development and Flood Risk

TAN 18 - Transport

Constraints

NPA Property - within 25m Special Area of Conservation - within 500m LDP Open Space Biodiversity Issue Safeguarding Zone

Rights of Way Inland - within 50m
Ancient Monument - within 500m
Hazardous Zones
ROW Coast Path - within 10m
NPA Foreshore - within 25m
Potential for surface water flooding
LDP Centre:50pc aff housing;30 units/ha
Recreation Character Areas
Low Coal Risk
Surface Coal
Affordable Housing Submarkets
Seascape Character Areas
Within Site of Special Scientific Interest consult NRW / Planning
Ecologist 20m

Officer's Appraisal

Background

The application site is an existing car park, to the east of Broad Haven beach, set just within the northern boundary of the Broad Haven centre boundary (as defined by the Local Development Plan 2010). The existing car park is on a level site, with a large area of poor quality surface currently laid to tarmac, accessed by a pedestrian link to the road (leading to the beach) to the west and a vehicular access to the east leading from Millmoor Way. The plot is bounded to the south and east by the (rear of) residential properties, and by the youth hostel and coastguard station to the north, with vegetated open land to the west, which opens towards the coast. There is an existing Welsh Water pumping station and public conveniences towards the south west corner of the site, and a minor watercourse running along part of the north-west boundary.

Relevant Planning History

PA/18/0057, Broad Haven PCNPA Car Park, Broad Haven, Haverfordwest, Pembrokeshire, Developments at Broad Haven Car Park, 2018-05-15, Planning Permission Required

Current Proposal

Planning permission is sought for resurfacing and reconfiguration of the car park, with rearrangement of parking bays, implementation of a landscaping scheme and native planting throughout the site, electric vehicle charging points & disabled parking spaces, new signboard structures, betterment of the existing public conveniences and pumping station building, site drainage improvements and introduction of new childrens play and picnic areas, which will enhance an area regarded as a "gateway" place for visitors to the Park.

Key Issues

The main issues to be considered in this case are:

- Policy and Principle of Development
- Siting, Design and Impact upon the Special Qualities of the National Park
- Privacy and Amenity
- Highways
- Landscape
- Biodiversity
- Drainage
- Historic Environment
- Coal / Land Stability

Policy and Principle of Development:

Policy 1 of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park Local Development Plan (LDP) sets out the National Parks' purposes and duty, in order to ensure that development within the Park is compatible with these.

Policy 6 of the LDP 'Rural Centres' states that developments in rural centres should 'take account of accessibility issues, the need to sustain local communities and the need to protect the National park landscape'.

Policy 48 of the LDP 'Community Facilities and Infrastructure Requirements' states that 'new and extended facilities...will be permitted where they are well located to meet the community's needs and they are convenient to public transport, shops and other services where this is required to serve the needs of the user'.

Policy 53 'Impacts of Traffic' is also relevant, as a significant number of trips by car are likely to occur to the site.

The development will enhance an important community facility which serves the rural centre and will greatly enhance the quality of the National Park landscape in this area. The enhancement of community facilities, where there is no harmful impact on road safety and environmental matters can be supported; and this particular development will improve a facility in terms of layout, appearance and level of facilities offered to the public. The development will alter 182 parking spaces currently provided within the site to 172 of higher quality, making better disabled parking and electric vehicle charging point provision. Therefore, the frequency and volume of car trips made to the site is unlikely to alter significantly from the amount of car trips made to the site already, so will not cause an adverse traffic impact on the site. The development is intended to enhance an area which is regarded as a "gateway" place for visitors to the Park.

As such, the development complies with the relevant policies of the adopted Local development Plan (LDP) and can be supported.

Siting, Design and Impact upon the Special Qualities of the National Park:

Policy 8 of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park Local Development Plan (LDP) is a strategy policy which refers to the special qualities of the National Park and lists priorities to ensure that these qualities will be protected and enhanced.

Policy 15 of the LDP seeks the conservation of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park with criteria (a) and (b) resisting development that would cause significant visual intrusion and/or, that would be insensitively and unsympathetically sited within the landscape. Criteria (d) and (e) resists development that would fail to harmonise with, or enhance the landform and landscape character of the National Park and/or fails to incorporate important traditional features.

Policy 29 of the LDP requires all development proposals to be well designed in terms of place and local distinctiveness (criterion (a)).

The design of the surfacing, specified materials, landscape detailing, the planting scheme and physical betterment of the existing public conveniences and pumping station is considered a huge improvement to the visual quality of the site. Natural timber features, native, locally sourced planting, a range of complimentary surface treatments and introduction of natural larch cladding with blue/black slate roof to the existing public conveniences and pumping station building is considered sensitive and positive design. The childrens play area is also sensitively designed to incorporate a soft sun canopy and soft play surface in sea blue colour, with natural timber materials throughout. These children's play and picnic areas are considered a positive new facility to be introduced in a Park gateway location. The scheme as a whole is considered to greatly enhance both the visual quality and facilities offering in this area of the National Park.

Several amendments have been made to the design of the scheme as a result of the pre-application consultation process, to take into account of the comments made by the community and neighbouring property owners:

- Litter bins omitted as existing provision is already located adjacent to the site
- Swale and earth bank added to western area of site to improve drainage
- In the interests of improving road safety, visibility splay to western
 pedestrian site entrance widened to allow pedestrians to see oncoming
 vehicles more easily, and likewise allow motorists to see pedestrians
 crossing the road to the beach more easily. Pedestrian barriers at the
 pedestrian entrance also introduced.
- Due to anti-social behaviour concerns a previously proposed permanent children's play area shelter was altered to a semipermanent 'sail' canopy which can be dismantled in winter months
- Allocation of reserved parking spaces for Coastguard station and removal of speed bumps to allow emergency vehicle / trailer access

- Proposed boat park omitted in favour of more vehicle parking spaces
- Direct access provided from rear or properties on Millmoor Way into car park

It is considered that the development will enhance the special qualities of the National Park in this area, and the design has been positively amended in a number of ways to take account of the feedback from interested community parties. As such, the development complies with policies 8, 15 and 29 of the LDP and can be supported.

Privacy and Amenity:

Policy 30 of the LDP states that development will not be permitted where it has an unacceptable impact on amenity.

The development is not considered to cause any further adverse impact on the privacy or amenity of surrounding residential properties than that already caused by the existing car park. No external lighting will be added on the site as part of the scheme, and concerns raised over antisocial use of the proposed children's play area shelter have been mitigated by altering the design to a removable sun canopy.

The scheme is not considered to cause any additional adverse impact upon privacy or amenity of neighbouring properties that the existing carpark and complies with Policy 30 of the LDP.

Highways:

Following consultation, the Highways Authority at PCC has no objection to the scheme.

Landscape:

The proposed development will introduce a reinforced grass parking system for the parking bays, with the access route in between laid in tarmac. The disabled spaces will also be tarmacked. Naturally planted earth banks and timber features will be introduced throughout the site, with 2 no. electric vehicle charging bays created and pedestrian routes created from parking bays giving access towards the beach. In consultation with the Authority's Tree and Landscape officer, no adverse comments have been received. All existing trees and shrubs on the site will be retained with native wild grasses and flowers introduced throughout. The landscape value of the site will be greatly enhanced as a result of the development.

A suitably worded condition will be added to any permissions issued to ensure that the development is carried out in accordance with the findings and recommendations of the Arboricultural Survey and Report hereby approved as part of this permission.

Biodiversity:

PPW, TAN5 and LDP policy 11 requires biodiversity considerations to be taken into account in determining individual applications. The presence of a species protected under UK or European legislation is a material consideration when dealing with applications that are likely to result in disturbance or harm to the species or its habitat.

As otters and badgers are present on (or in close proximity to) the site, an otter and badger survey has been submitted with this application. At the time of writing this report, consultation on the impact of the development on otters and badgers and their habitats was still awaiting response from Natural Resources Wales. Officers will update Members verbally on the content of this consultation response once received, during the development management committee meeting. Initial consultation response for the Authority's Ecologist offers support in relation to other species on the site.

Fen land, which provides important biodiversity habitat will remain untouched as part of the scheme. The scheme proposes to introduce a light-weight fence along the boundary to the fen, which will be 900mm high, consisting of 2 strands of wire to the top, with sheep netting below. This design will be visually lightweight, intended to retain the 'wild' and unspoilt appearance of the fen habitat, whilst preventing users of the nearby facilities from entering this area. Suitably worded conditions will be added to any permissions issued to ensure that the development is carried out in accordance with the findings and recommendations of both the Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey and the Otter and Badger Survey (pending consultation response from NRW) hereby approved as part of this permission.

As such, with the imposition of suitable pre-commencement conditions and the discharge of those conditions where appropriate, the development accords with policy 11 of the Local Development Plan 2010 and statutory guidance relating to biodiversity and can be supported.

Drainage:

Policy 32 'Surface Water Drainage' of the LDP states that "Development will be required to incorporate sustainable drainage systems for the disposal of surface water on site". A further note states "The disposal of surface water run-off from development both during construction and after completion requires careful consideration in order to minimise its adverse environmental impact".

The western corner of the site lies within several categories of flood zone (please refer to the public consultation section of this report for further detail). In line with NRW's consultation response to flooding, the agent/applicant is aware of this flood risk. The drainage department at PCC has confirmed that they do not have records of any historic flood events affecting the site. As the proposed land use in the flood zone is considered low risk (childrens play area, picnic area and footpath), with no habitable buildings in the flood zone,

the development is considered suitable. Introduction of a further swale in the flood-prone area of the site is considered sufficient flood mitigation to address any concerns.

In consultation with the Drainage Department at Pembrokeshire County Council, 2 no. conditions will be placed upon any permissions issued relating to prevention of building within 3m of the watercourse which runs along the north-west boundary of the site and ensuring that this watercourse is not impeded during the works or as a consequence of the scheme.

Prior to the commencement of any works on site, a Construction Environmental Management Plan has been requested by NRW. This plan will detail certain elements of drainage management, and further drainage details will be required for the SUDS application which will be required in addition to this application for planning permission.

As such, with the imposition of suitably worded conditions, the development is considered to accord with policy 32 of the Local Development Plan 2010 and can be supported.

Historic Environment:

As the site lies within 500m of an historic monument, both CADW and Dyfed Archaeological Trust have been consulted don the scheme. No adverse comments have been received.

Coal / Land Stability:

The Coal Authority have been consulted in relation to land instability issues associated with historic coal workings in the area. As the site lies within a low-risk coal area, the development is not considered to cause any land instability concerns, and as such no comment on the scheme has been made by the Coal Authority.

Conclusion

The proposed scheme by virtue of its use, design, materials, landscaping and ecological mitigation and enhancement is considered to be a positive development within a rural centre which enhances the visual quality of this area of the National Park, at a 'gateway' point. The development is of a suitable use which will enhance an important existing community facility, which is a suitable development on highways safety and traffic grounds. The development is not considered to cause any additional adverse impact on the amenity or privacy of neighbouring properties. Potential adverse impact on ecology, habitats and landscape features both on and surrounding the site have been suitably mitigated against (pending further consultation response form NRW). Native planting and use of natural materials will enhance the landscape value of the site, and drainage and flooding concerns have been suitably addressed. The historic environment, historic coal workings and the wider landscape would not be adversely affected by the scheme.

The proposal is considered to enhance the special qualities of the National Park and the wider landscape. As such, the proposal is considered to accord with policies 1, 6, 8, 9, 11, 15, 29, 30, 32, 48 and 53 of the Local Development Plan 2010 and can be supported.

Recommendation

APPROVE, subject to the following conditions:

- 1. The development shall begin not later than five years from the date of this decision. **Reason**: Required to be imposed pursuant to Section 91 (1) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended).
- 2. The development shall be carried out in accordance with the following approved plans and documents: P001B Location Plan (received 28.02.2020), S002 Existing Site Plan (received 04.12.2019), P002A Proposed Site Plan (received 17.02.2020), P004 Existing and Proposed WC block (received 28.02.2020) Approved as annotated by ST 03.03.2020, Childrens play area details – to be forthcoming, Preapplication Consultation Report (received 06.12.2019), Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey, Glaswellt Ecology (received 06.12.2019), Otter and Badger Survey, The Otter Consultancy (received 06.12.2019), Arboricultural Impact Assessment and Method Statement, TreeConsultants.Wales (received 06.12.2019), Design and Access Statement - Rev B (received 14.01.2020), Coal Mining Risk Assessment, Quantum Geotechnic Limited (received 06.12.2019) **Reason:** In order to be clear on the approved scheme of development in the interests of protecting visual amenity and the special qualities of the National Park. Policy: Local Development Plan - Policies 1 (National Park Purposes and Duty), 8 (Special Qualities), 15 (Conservation of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park) and 29 (Sustainable Design).
- 3. The development will be carried out in accordance with the findings and recommendations of approved document Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey, Glaswellt Ecology (received 06.12.2019), to be retained as such in perpetuity. **Reason**: To ensure that animal and plant species and habitats listed under the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010 are adequately protected, and to protect and enhance the character and appearance of the site and its setting within the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park. Policy: Local Development Plan 1 (National Park Purposes and Duty), 8 (Special Qualities), 11 (Protection of Biodiversity), 15 (Conservation of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park) and 29 (Sustainable Design)
- 4. Prior to the comencement of any works on site, an appropriate Method Statement / Management Plan, which implements the proposals laid down in the 'Further Surveys, Protection & Mitigation Recommendation' section of approved document 'Otter & Badger

Survey Report ', dated 21 August 2019, by The Otter Consultancy, will be submitted for written approval of the Authority. Agreed measures will be implemented prior to first benefitial use of the site and to be retained as such in perpetuity. **Reason**: To ensure that animal and plant species and habitats listed under the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010 are adequately protected, and to protect and enhance the character and appearance of the site and its setting within the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park. Policy: Local Development Plan – 1 (National Park Purposes and Duty), 8 (Special Qualities), 11 (Protection of Biodiversity), 15 (Conservation of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park) and 29 (Sustainable Design)

- 5. A sensitive clearance strategy/method statement for reptiles should be prepared by a competent ecologist and submitted to the LPA for consideration prior to the commencement of any works and the strategy implemented as approved. Reason: To ensure that animal and plant species and habitats listed under the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010 are adequately protected, and to protect and enhance the character and appearance of the site and its setting within the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park. Policy: Local Development Plan 1 (National Park Purposes and Duty), 8 (Special Qualities), 11 (Protection of Biodiversity), 15 (Conservation of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park) and 29 (Sustainable Design)
- 6. The development will be carried out in accordance with the findings and recommendations of approved document Arboricultural Impact Assessment and Method Statement, TreeConsultants.Wales (received 06.12.2019), to be retained as such in perpetuity. **Reason**: To prevent detrimental impact to trees, hedges and other landscape features which contribute to the amenity, landscape & biodiversity of the site and surrounding area. Policy: Local Development Plan 1 (National Park Purposes and Duty), 8 (Special Qualities), 11 (Protection of Biodiversity), 15 (Conservation of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park), and 30 (Amenity).
- 7. If within a period of 5 years from the date of the planting of any vegetation approved as part of this scheme, or any tree planted in replacement of of any existing tree lost from the site, is removed, uprooted or destroyed or dies or becomes, in the opinion of the local planning authority, seriously damaged or defective, another specimen(s) of the same species and size as that originally planted shall be planted at the same place during the next planting season immediately following the death/removal/destruction of that vegetation/tree. **Reason:** To prevent detrimental impact to trees, hedges and other landscape features which contribute to the amenity, landscape & biodiversity of the site and surrounding area. Policy: Local Development Plan 1 (National Park Purposes and Duty), 8 (Special Qualities), 11 (Protection of Biodiversity), 15 (Conservation of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park), and 30 (Amenity)

- 8. No development shall take place, nor any works of site clearance, until there has been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority details of a scheme for the protection of the fen area shown to be retained on approved drawing number P002A Proposed Site Plan (received 17.02.2020). The approved scheme shall be carried out throughout the course of the development and shall include: areas of existing fen landscape to be protected from construction operations and the method of protection. **Reason:** To prevent detrimental impact to habitats, hedges and other landscape features which contribute to the amenity, landscape & biodiversity of the site and surrounding area. Policy: Local Development Plan 1 (National Park Purposes and Duty), 8 (Special Qualities), 11 (Protection of Biodiversity), 15 (Conservation of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park) and 30 (Amenity).
- 9. The development hereby permitted shall not be commenced (including any ground works or site clearance) until details of a scheme to eradicate and prevent the spread of invasive species has been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. Furthermore works should be implemented in accordance with the approved scheme. Reason: To ensure that animal and plant species and habitats listed under the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010 are adequately protected, and to protect and enhance the character and appearance of the site and its setting within the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park. Policy: Local Development Plan 1 (National Park Purposes and Duty), 8 (Special Qualities), 11 (Protection of Biodiversity), 15 (Conservation of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park) and 29 (Sustainable Design)
- 10. No development, including site clearance, shall commence until a Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The CEMP should include: Construction methods: details of materials used in construction; details

of how any waste generated will be managed. General Site Management: details of the construction programme including timetable, details of site clearance; details of site construction drainage site set-up plan detailing how sensitive receptors will be protected from harm e.g. fencing, containments areas, appropriately sized buffer zones between storage areas (of spoil, oils, fuels, concrete mixing and washing areas) and any watercourse or surface drain. Biodiversity Management during construction: details of habitat retention and protection; invasive species management; species and habitat protection, avoidance, mitigation and enhancement measures (as detailed with the Extended Phase 1 Survey).

Soil Management: details of topsoil strip, storage and amelioration for re-use.

CEMP Masterplan: details of the extent and phasing of development; location of landscape and environmental resources; design proposals and objectives for integration and mitigation measures.

Control of Nuisances: details of restrictions to be applied during

construction including timing, duration and frequency of work. Resource Management: details of fuel and chemical site storage and containment; details of waste generation and its management; details of the consumption of water and wastewater.

Pollution Prevention: demonstrate how relevant Guidelines for Pollution Prevention and best practice will be implemented, including details of emergency spill procedures and incident response plan.

Details of the persons and bodies responsible for activities set out in the CEMP and emergency contact details. For example, contract manager, site manager, contractors, visitors, site environmental advisor, landscape clerk and ecological clerk of works to ensure construction compliance with approved plans and environmental regulations.

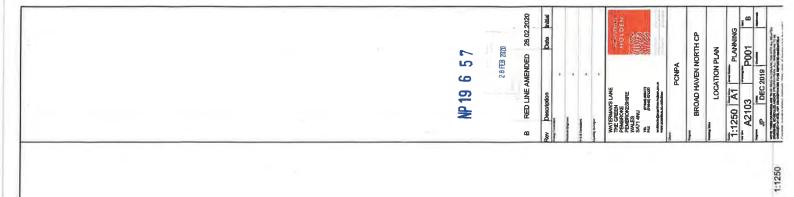
The CEMP shall be implemented as approved during the site preparation and construction phases of the development.

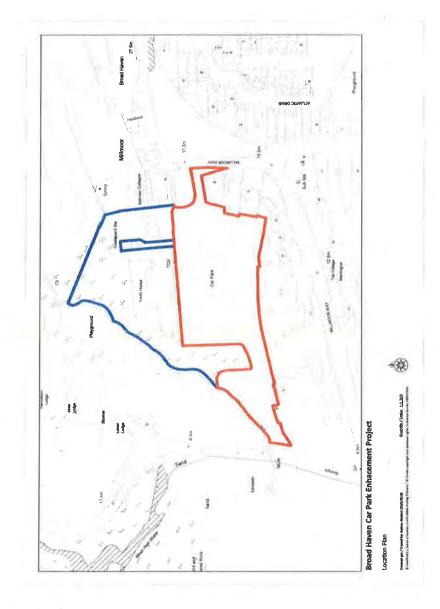
Reason: Prevention of pollution to controlled waters and the wider environment. To ensure that animal and plant species and habitats listed under the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010 are adequately protected, and to protect and enhance the character and appearance of the site and its setting within the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park Policy: Local Development Plan – Policies 1 (National Park Purposes and Duty), 8 (Special Qualities), 11 (Protection of Biodiversity), 15 (Conservation of the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park), 29 (Sustainable Design), and 32 (Surface Water Drainage)

- 11. Before installation, details of any external illumination to be installed at the site, including measures to control light spillage, shall be submitted to the National Park Authority for approval, in writing. All lights must be low level, downward facing and where possible on a PIR activated timer. Development shall be carried out and maintained in accordance with the approved details. **Reason**: To ensure that animal and plant species which within the terms of the Conservation (Habitats 2c) Regulations 1994 are effectively protected and in the interests of conserving the amenity of adjacent properties Local Development Plan Policy 11 (Protection of Biodiversity), Policy 30 (Amenity).
- 12. No structure shall be built over any ordinary watercourses, or within 3 meters from the top of bank of any watercourse, or within 3 meters of a culverted watercourse, without the prior written agreement of the local planning authority. To be retained as such in perpetuity. **Reason**: To ensure that effective drainage facilities are provided for the proposed development and that no adverse impact or obstruction occurs to ordinary or culverted water courses at the site. Policy: Local Development Plan Policy 29 (Sustainable Design), Policy 32 (Surface Water Drainage).
- 13. Any ordinary watercourses on or adjacent to the site must not be filled in, culverted, or the flow impeded in any manner, without the prior written consent of Pembrokeshire County Council under Section 23

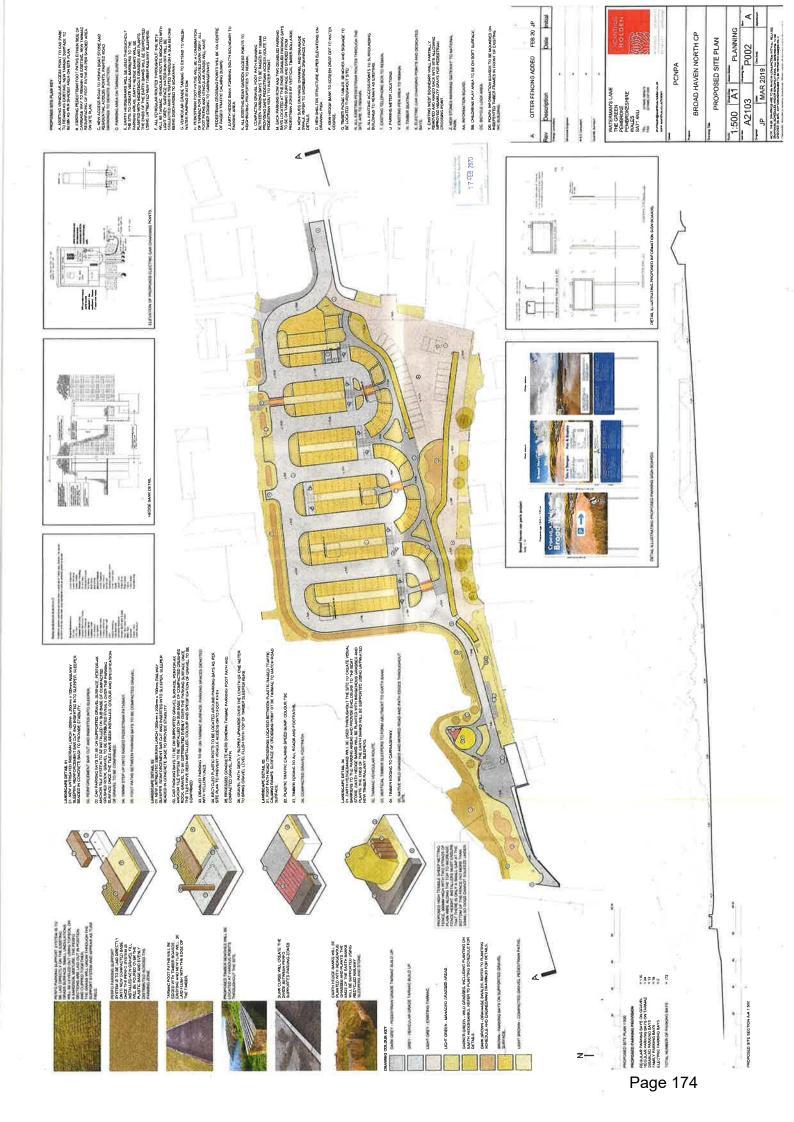
Land Drainage Act 1991 as amended by the Flood and Water Management Act 2010. Consent is also required to alter a culvert in a manner that would be likely to affect flow of an ordinary watercourse, and for temporary as well as permanent works. The applicant can obtain further details from Mr Neville Davies, Pembrokeshire County Council, Infrastructure Division, County Hall, Haverfordwest, Pembrokeshire SA61 1TP Email: idconsent@pembrokeshire.gov.uk Reason: To ensure that effective drainage facilities are provided for the proposed development and that no adverse impact or obstruction occurs to ordinary or culverted water courses at the site. Policy: Local Development Plan – Policy 29 (Sustainable Design), Policy 32 (Surface Water Drainage).

14. Surface water run-off from all impermeable areas created by the scheme shall be disposed of to soakaways or some other form of sustainable drainage system. To be retained as such in perpetuity. **Reason:** To ensure that effective drainage facilities are provided for the proposed development and that no adverse impact occurs to the environment or the existing public sewerage system. Policy: Local Development Plan – Policy 29 (Sustainable Design), Policy 32 (Surface Water Drainage).





LOCATION PLAN

















UD 19 6 57 28 FEB 2020



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0 0 EXISTING NORTH ELEVATION - SCALE 1:100 @ A1

PROPOSED FLOOR PLAN - SCALE 1:100 @ A1

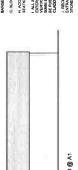
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PROPOSED NORTH ELEVATION - SCALE 1:100 @ A1



I ALL SOUTH, EAST AND WEST TOTOPOLA, WALLES AND MEMBERS SOURI BATTON REPORT BATTON SOURI BATTON REPORT BATTON CALADONIN TO NEW THIRD W.C. J. RECESSED COVERED W.C. STOWN CE, AUGUSTON AS STOWN CE, AUGUSTON AS STOWN CE, AUGUSTON AS H ACCESS DOOR TO PLAIPING STATION.





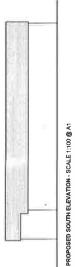


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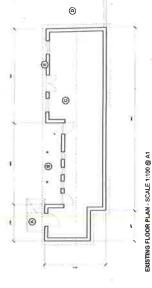


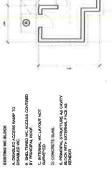
PROPOSED EAST & WEST ELEVATION - SCALE 1:100 @ A1















F ROOF COVERING AS ARTIFICIAL SLATE WITH LEVE FABOA AND BARGE BOARDS.



EXISTING SOUTH ELEVATION - SCALE 1:100 @ A1

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1 ALL EXTERNAL WALLS AS PAINTED RENDER.

J. PECESSED COVERED WC ENTRANCE AREA AS STONE CLAUSING.

H. ACCESS DOOR TO PLAIPING STATION



