Green Wedge Site Assessment

Green V	Vedge R	Reference	1	
Location	_	Amroth between olde	er settlement and New Inn	
Form Ref AN Size Ha	AM1	Current Use	Scrub land and woods eastwards to Amroth Castle Caravan site. Two domestic properties, Public Toilet block, Pub and field. Open land and car parking.	
	0.95	Adjacent land use	Sea/beach to south. Amroth village to west. New Inn chalet park to east. Agricultural land and woods to North in river valleys.	
JUDP desiş	gnation		No settlement limits for Amroth	
Environme	ntal Desig	nations /Constraints	areas under Tree Preservation Order	
_		es? Has any existing d on existing uses		
Would the of the settl		ribute to the setting		
Will the G	-	coalescence of	Yes between New Inn, 'open' land, Amroth Castle caravan site, open hillside and Amroth	
	_	safeguard the croachment		
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?			Yes, retain distinctiveness of Amroth and New Inn and the intermediate areas.	
	g the recy	ssist regeneration by cling of derelict nad	Improve management of this 'disorganised' area of land.	
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives			The proposed green wedge appears to be partly wooded. The importance of woodland is identified at 5.2.8 of PPWales and the Special Qualities of the NP identified within the LDP. Further, Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP only permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside and would be a consideration in deciding development proposals here.	
Conclusion	: designa	te GW?	No	
If YES does boundaries		follow physical		
Notes			Whilst designation of Green Wedge may encourage more management attention to the area, this is unlikely and other policies can ensure that inappropraite development does not take place.	
Overall Recommendation			No green wedge be designated	
Green V	Vedge R	eference	2	
Location		Angle		

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Form Ref AN1 Current Use Size Ha	Unmanaged grassland. Trees and hedges along 3 sides. Hedge to road frontage.
2.69 Adjacent land use	Street frontage residential. To rear is house and extension undergoing renovation. Opposite street frontage residential with possible 1 house gap. Agricultural land to east. Residential to west.
JUDP designation	Green Wedge: outside settlement limit.
Environmental Designations / Constraints	Conservation Area. Milford Haven Waterway Historic Landscape. Some boundaries have Tree Preservation Orders. Part within SAC, SSSI, TAN 15 C2 Flood Zone. No planning applications since 1988 within the existing or proposed extension to green wedge. Reduced management of grassed area, small field.
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses	
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?	Green Wedge would safeguard the character of Angle, especially if linked to an eastward extension. Justification strengthened if Green Wedge extended to east.
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?	Would prevent development of frontage in a 'gap site'.
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment	
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?	
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?	
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives	Whilst there are environmental designations at the eastern part of the proposed green wedge and it falls within the flood zone, on balance the extension to the JUDP green wedge will help to maintain the openness of this area in a cohesive way and ensure that the character and setting of the settlement is protected.
Conclusion: designate GW?	Yes
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries	Logical as boundaries are clear.
Notes	Context / character : Linear village within an east - west valley along the B4320 between east and west Angle Bays. The current green wedge protects the only existing open frontage on the main street of any breadth within the village. Extension eastwards to the shoreline of the East Angle Bay to separate the village from the building complex to the north. LCA: Retain the unique and special character of Angle village and its Conservation Area when considering any future development, particularly with respect to the quality of the architecture and the street plan.
Overall Recommendation	Designate as a green wedge, including an extended area to the east to ensure that the character / setting of the settlement and openness is protected.
Green Wedge Reference	3
Location Bosherston	
Form Ref BS1 Current Use	Agricultural land east and west of C road.
Size Ha 0.95 Adjacent land use	Village to south, church to north and farm buildings to north west, fields between. Woodland to east leading to Lily Ponds.
JUDP designation	Outside settlement limits for Bosherston.

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Environmental	Designations	/Constraints
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No planning applications or environmental designations within the area. SAC and SSSI within 100m to the east.

Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses

Not previously a green wedge. No planning applications registered within the

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Reinforce the well defined village and the separate setting of the church.

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Yes between the farm complex to the west and the village.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Yes, the open field to the south of the church/West of village.

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Paragraph 9.3.3 of PPWales advises that insenstive infilling or redevelopment should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Development at this location would also impact on the listed building of St Michaels and All Saints Church. Development at this location would be visually intrusive, and Policy 18 Amenity would resist such development.

Conclusion: designate GW?

No

If YES does the GW follow physical **boundaries**

Field boundaries and settlement boundary, perimeter wall of church.

Notes

Context: A small village with a church and farm complex slightly separated to

LCA Settlement capacity study identifies that The open aspect to the west and orth west... means that any development would be unacceptably visually intrusive. The western road boundary, with its distinctive stone wall, and the buildings around the rectory with mature hedgebanks, and important edge definition features. The setting of the listed buildings at the Rectory and the church are additional development contrstraints to the north side of the village.

Overall Recommendation

No not designate as green wedge. This site would not be suitable for rounding off or infilling and development would be visually intrusive.

Green Wedge Reference

4

Location

Between Broad Haven and Little Haven

Form Ref Size Ha BH1 Current Use

Agricultural land surrounding Haven Fort Hotel, and Atlantic View. Rough land

around Hotel.

5.69

Adjacent land use

Residential development to north (Broad Haven) and south (Little Haven). Coast road to west and agricultural land to

JUDP designation

Open countryside.

Environmental Designations / Constraints

Haven fort Hotel within the site is a listed building. SAC & SSSI adjacent to western boundary

Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses

Site within the southern boundary of the proposed green wedge has been suggested for development through the LDP process. An existing isolated dwelling(s) within the boundary has received permission to extend.

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Yes, Broad Haven lies in the valley. The Green Wedge would emphasise and protect the setting.

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Yes, of Broad Haven and Little Haven to the south, especially with Haven Fort Hotel and Atlantic View between the villages.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Yes, restrict the temptation to develop on managed grassland.

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Whilst development at parts of this green wedge would be resisted under Policy 18 Amenity and Policy 45 Special Qualities, incremental development could encroach into the area, could affect the openness and contribute to coalescence.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Yes, defined by C class road to west. Existing settlement boundaries to north

and south (Broad Haven and Little Haven). Field boundary to east.

Notes

Context / character: Major post war residential developments and large scale caravan sites have transformed the original small village into a much larger community which is set between the coast and the surrounding hillsides. Between the older village and the development to the north and east is an open area comprising three elements - the low lying Slash Pond and associated fen and Carr, managed open space of the children's play area, football field and mown grass for informal recreation, the gorse covered areas with mown paths meandering through them.

Settlement Cpacity Study : The landform provides visual containment. No development should breach the skyline.

Overall Recommendation

Designate Green Wedge.

Green Wedge Reference			5
Current Ose		Broad Haven East	
		Current Use	Mixture of formal and informal recreation and nature reserve based on Slash Pond. Copses.
Size IIu	10.04 Adjacent land use	Adjacent land use	Residential development, minor road and agricultural land to south and east.
JUDP designation			Open countryside and recreational open space.
Environmental Designations /Constraints			Small area to the south east subject to coastal flooding (TAN15)
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses		•	Planning applications within the area proposed for green wedge relate to improved recreational facilities, the provision of wildlife habitat and nature trai and skateboard park. Several parts of the area were suggested for development through the Local Development Plan process.
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?			Yes, emphasise/support the valley setting of Broad Haven.
Will the G	-	coalescence of	

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Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment	Yes, as the land to the south and east of the present Broad Haven flows from managed to very informal vegetation.
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?	Yes
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?	
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives	No
Conclusion: designate GW?	Yes
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries	Edge of existing residential development and field boundaries. C road to south and B4341 to east.
Notes	Part of the site suggested for Green Wedge is required for development. This is to ensure that a sufficient range of development land is available at the edge of the settlement. The green wedge within the LDP has been adjusted to refelct this requirement.
	Context / character: Major post war residential developments and large scale caravan sites have transformed the original small village into a much larger community which is set between the coast and the surrounding hillsides. Between the older village and the development to the north and east is an open area comprising three elements - the low lying Slash Pond and associated fen and Carr, managed open space of the children's play area, football field and mown grass for informal recreation, the gorse covered areas with mown paths meandering through them.
	Settlement Cpacity Study : The landform provides visual containment. No development should breach the skyline.
Overall Recommendation	Designate Green Wedge to define Broad Haven and control encroachment on recreational areas. As a result of policy considerations, two separate green wedge areas are proposed which omit the development site and potential for future growth area.
Green Wedge Reference	6
Location Broad Haven north.	
Form Ref BH3 Current Use	Amenity area around stream. Minor development along track. Agricultural land.
Size Ha 0 Adjacent land use	To south, Broad Haven residential areas and National Park Car Park. YHA, Caravan Site to east and farmed areas to north. Woodlands to north east.
JUDP designation	Open countryside.
Environmental Designations /Constraints	Part open space, part TAN 15 C2 flood zone,
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses	none

Will the GW prevent coalescence of Would protect against 'joining' with few properties to north. settlements?

Yes, strengthening the valley setting of Broad Haven.

Would the GW contribute to the setting

of the settlement?

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Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment	Yes, see above.
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?	
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?	
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives	Special Qualities Policy is applicable in relation to this site
Conclusion : designate GW?	No
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries	
Notes	
Overall Recommendation	This site does not require protection through green wedge policy since policy in relation to the special qualities of the National Park provides sufficient protection.
Green Wedge Reference	7
Location Broad Haven north.	
Form Ref BH4 Current Use Size Ha 0	Grassland.
Adjacent land use	Agricultural land to east and woodland. Residential/farm buildings to north and south coastal roads and coast to west.
JUDP designation	Outside settlement limits for Broad Haven.
Environmental Designations / Constraints	none
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses	none
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?	Prominent site defined by road and field boundary which (together with BH3) would restrain pressure to develop Broad Haven in a northerly direction and reflect the valley setting of Broad Haven.
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?	Yes, against 'infill' between clusters to development
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment	Yes, see above.
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?	
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad	
other land?	
other land? Can other policies help to achieve these objectives	Special Qualities Policy is applicable in relation to this site

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If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Notes

Overall Recommendation

This site does not require protection through green wedge policy since policy in relation to the special qualities of the National Park provides sufficient protection.

Green Wedge Reference			8	
Location Central Meadows Da		Central Meadows Do	le.	
Form Ref Size Ha	DL1	Current Use	Undeveloped valley area between Castle Way to north and Blue Anchor Way to south. Dale Meadows National Park Car Park (limited hard surfacing). Woodlands to north. Church and walled gardens.	
	9.32	Adjacent land use	Residential development to north and south. Coast to east, agricultural land to west. Dale Castle grounds to north west.	
JUDP desig	gnation		Outside settlement limits / open countryside.	
Environme	ntal Desig	nations /Constraints	Within the Milford Haven Waterway Historic Landscape, part of the area subject to Zone C2 coastal flooding (TAN15). Severla listed buildings within the north west boundary.	
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses		•	Disabled persons car park for church.	
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?		ibute to the setting	Essential to the setting and character of Dale.	
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?		coalescence of		
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment			Yes, either side of the valley has linear areas of housing.	
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?				
Is the GW l	likely to as	esist regeneration by		

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

In view of maintaining the historic and unusual form of Dale, Green Wedge designation would support the setting of the settlement and help to resist inappropraite development.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical

Road frontages or rear of property curtilages / settlement boundary.

Notes

boundaries

Existing uses include allotment in walled garden to east of church. Woodland to west of Castle Way. Scrubland west of church.

Context / Character: Dale consists of parallel lines of development to the north and south of a valley to the west of Dale Roads with Dale Church and Castle slightly separated from the northern development.

Settlement Capacity Study: This open central valley is an important space which is integral to the visual character of the village. The wooded high ground of the upper valley sides is locally distinctive and provides strong visual containment and adds to the sense of place. The central open area between the northern and southern linear arms of the village is a wide and shallow small

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Yes

stream valley. It is integral to the settlement and makes a unique contribution to the sense of place, allowing views across to the old church and the castle from the residential areas and the foreshore. This space also contributes to the setting of the nearby listed buildings.

Overall Recommendation

Designate as a Green Wedge to protect the character of Dale and to resist inappropraite development.

Green Wedge Reference	9
Location Dinas west of Feidr	Fawr
Form Ref DC1 Current Use Size Ha	Narrow fields of grass behind high hedge to road. One gated opening to small industrial site.
0.62 Adjacent land use	Housing opposite of Feidr Fawr (east side), frontage housing to south, car park of chapel to north, small fields to west.
JUDP designation	Green Wedge. Outside settlement limits.
Environmental Designations /Constraints	None
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses	No apparent impact. Presumably gated access has been in use for sometime.
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?	It would protect the high hedge contrast with development to north/south/east.
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?	
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment	To a limited extent as the field pattern is of small plots.
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?	
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?	
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives	The area identified as extended to the north of the proposed green wedge is within the centre boundary. This site is also a hall and car park and church and graveyard and does not contribute to a sense of openness at this location.
Conclusion: designate GW?	Yes
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries	Existing boundaries are clear. Possible extension to north to incorporate open space associated with chapel and church to north has been assessed and is not appropriate
Notes	Context / Character. Dinas Cross has developed on two axes; one along the A487 with a clear eastern end at Maes y Ffynnon and to the west a village green and tennis court on the north and south of the A487 respectively. There is a central Green Wedge focussed on undeveloped fields north and south of the A487 separating the east and west sections of Dinas. a northern development towards Brynhenllan where there is an existing Green wedge on the western side of Feidr Fawr. To the west of the village green / tennis courts there is occasional development fronting the A487. Settlement Capacity Study: The open areas of land which separate the two main sections of Dinas Cross must be kept free from development if the two sections of the village are not to coalesce to form a single linear settlement strung out along the main A487 road.

(Page 20). Development Constraints. There is a need to maintain the open

land which separates the two parts of the settlement and a degree of porosity along the frontage of the linear development. The existence of Green Wedge designations on the open land separating the two parts of the village supports this observation. The open views from Bwlchmawr up to the scarp face to the south should also be maintained.

Overall Recommendation

Designate as a Green Wedge, excluding the land at the north end.

Green Wedge Reference	10
Location Dinas Cross north si	le of A487
Form Ref DC2 Current Use	Open grassland. Hedges to road.
Size Ha 5.93 Adjacent land use	Residential development to south west and north east. Green Wedge on southern side of A487
JUDP designation	Green Wedge
Environmental Designations /Constraints	Contains Scheduled Ancient Monument.
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses	Not apparent.
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?	Dinas Cross incorporates a number of undeveloped frontages - part of its character.
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?	Historical form of majority of Dinas Cross is frontage development. Green Wedges on north and south of A487 would prevent coalescence of east and west Dinas Cross.
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment	Yes, as temptation would be to develop in depth.
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?	No
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?	
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives	No
Conclusion: designate GW?	Yes
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries	The existing boundaries are clear. See map, road frontage A487 and field boundaries. Curtilages to east and west.
Notes	Small area of south west excluded from Green wedge as shown in the JUDP since it is residential curtilage.
	Context / Character. Dinas Cross has developed on two axes; ·□one along the A487 with a clear eastern end at Maes y Ffynnon and to the west a village green and tennis court on the north and south of the A487 respectively. There is a central Green Wedge focussed on undeveloped fields north and south of the A487 separating the east and west sections of Dinas. ·□a northern development towards Brynhenllan where there is an existing Green wedge on the western side of Feidr Fawr. To the west of the village green / tennis courts there is occasional development fronting the A487.
	Settlement Capacity Study: The open areas of land which separate the two main sections of Dinas Cross must be kept free from development if the two sections of the village are not to coalesce to form a single linear settlement strung out along the main A487 road.

(Page 20). Development Constraints. There is a need to maintain the open land which separates the two parts of the settlement and a degree of porosity along the frontage of the linear development. The existence of Green Wedge designations on the open land separating the two parts of the village supports this observation. The open views from Bwlchmawr up to the scarp face to the south should also be maintained.

·□a northern development towards Brynhenllan where there is an existing Green wedge on the western side of Feidr Fawr.

To the west of the village green / tennis courts there is occasional development

Overall Recommendation

Designate as green wedge

Green Wedge Reference	11
Location Dinas Cross south of	f A487
Form Ref DC3 Current Use Size Ha 5.47 Adjacent land use	Rough grazing land, hedges and trees. Sub station in south west corner. Residential development frontage to north east and south
	west. Excludes a single residential property, Moorland, to south. Green Wedge to north (DC2 / 10)
JUDP designation	Green Wedge
Environmental Designations /Constraints	None
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses	Application for residential sub division which would encroach into the green wedge refused.
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?	Important to separate the main section of Dinas Cross to the east and minor frontage to west especially as Green Wedge to north.
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?	Stop coalescence of Dinas Cross east with west.
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment	Yes, but relatively rough land.
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?	
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?	
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives	No
Conclusion: designate GW?	Yes
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries	Frontage to A487 and field boundaries to rear. Edge of residential development to north east and south west.
Notes	Amendment to the JUDP green wedge boundary has been made to restrict the extent of the green wedge to the land necessary to fulfil its function ie to exclude land along the frontage which forms part of the built area of Dinas to the west.
	Context / Character. Dinas Cross has developed on two axes; ·□one along the A487 with a clear eastern end at Maes y Ffynnon and to the west a village green and tennis court on the north and south of the A487 respectively. There is a central Green Wedge focussed on undeveloped fields north and south of the A487 separating the east and west sections of Dinas.

fronting the A487.

Settlement Capacity Study: The open areas of land which separate the two main sections of Dinas Cross must be kept free from development if the two sections of the village are not to coalesce to form a single linear settlement strung out along the main A487 road.

(Page 20). Development Constraints. There is a need to maintain the open land which separates the two parts of the settlement and a degree of porosity along the frontage of the linear development. The existence of Green Wedge designations on the open land separating the two parts of the village supports this observation. The open views from Bwlchmawr up to the scarp face to the south should also be maintained.

 $\cdot \square$ a northern development towards Brynhenllan where there is an existing

Green wedge on the western side of Feidr Fawr.

Overall Recommendation

Retain green wedge designation, (minor amendment).

Green Wedge Reference	12	
Location West Feidr Fach Bry	nhenllan	
Form Ref DC4 Current Use Size Ha 1.52	Pasture.	
Adjacent land use	Linear residential development to east and west. Residential development to south, open field to north.	
JUDP designation	Outside settlement limits	
Environmental Designations /Constraints	None	
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses	None	
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?	Allows a rare view north.	
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?		
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment	Yes	
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?		
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?		
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives	No	
Conclusion : designate GW?	Yes	
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries	Yes, field boundaries including settlement limit to south and west. Footpath to north.	
Notes	A small area of the proposed green wedge extends within the settlement boundary and has been excluded from the green wedge within the LDP.	
	Context / Character. Dinas Cross has developed on two axes; one along the A487 with a clear eastern end at Maes y Ffynnon and to the west a village green and tennis court on the north and south of the A487 respectively. There is a central Green Wedge focussed on undeveloped fields north and south of the A487 separating the east and west sections of Dinas.	

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To the west of the village green / tennis courts there is occasional development fronting the A487.

Settlement Capacity Study: The open areas of land which separate the two main sections of Dinas Cross must be kept free from development if the two sections of the village are not to coalesce to form a single linear settlement strung out along the main A487 road.

(Page 20). Development Constraints. There is a need to maintain the open land which separates the two parts of the settlement and a degree of porosity along the frontage of the linear development. The existence of Green Wedge designations on the open land separating the two parts of the village supports this observation. The open views from Bwlchmawr up to the scarp face to the south should also be maintained.

Overall Recommendation

Designate as a Green Wedge, with minor amendment to exclude land within the settlement boundary.

Green W	/edge R	Reference	13	
Location East Feidr Fach Bryn			nhenllan	
Form Ref	DC5	Current Use	Access to field, (hayfield).	
Size Ha	1.47	Adjacent land use	Houses to north and south and to west.	
JUDP desig	gnation		Adjoins but outside settlement limits.	
Environme	ntal Desig	gnations /Constraints	none	
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses			Applications for the erection of boat barn and extension of curtilage have been approved within this area.	
Would the of the settle		ribute to the setting	Allows distant view from along the lane, important aspect of Dinas Cross.	
Will the G settlements	_	t coalescence of		
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment			Yes	
	_	manage urban ntrolled expansion?		
	g the recy	ssist regeneration by ecling of derelict nad		
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives		elp to achieve these	No	
Conclusion	: designa	te GW?	Yes	
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries			Road frontage and field boundaries	
Notes			Context / Character. Dinas Cross has developed on two axes; ·□one along the A487 with a clear eastern end at Maes y Ffynnon and to the west a village green and tennis court on the north and south of the A487 respectively. There is a central Green Wedge focussed on undeveloped fields north and south of the A487 separating the east and west sections of Dinas. ·□a northern development towards Brynhenllan where there is an existing Green wedge on the western side of Feidr Fawr. To the west of the village green / tennis courts there is occasional development fronting the A487	

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fronting the A487.

Settlement Capacity Study: The open areas of land which separate the two main sections of Dinas Cross must be kept free from development if the two sections of the village are not to coalesce to form a single linear settlement strung out along the main A487 road.

(Page 20). Development Constraints. There is a need to maintain the open land which separates the two parts of the settlement and a degree of porosity along the frontage of the linear development. The existence of Green Wedge designations on the open land separating the two parts of the village supports this observation. The open views from Bwlchmawr up to the scarp face to the south should also be maintained.

Overall Recommendation

Designate a Green Wedge to protect the viewpoint and setting of the settlement.

Green W	/edge R	Reference	14
Location		Dinas Cross / Brynho	enllan
Form Ref Size Ha	DC6	Current Use	Burial ground fronting Feidr Fawr. Gardens to frontage to path Feidr Fach. Scrub filed in middle
Size III	0.34	Adjacent land use	Residential development to south and north. Grounds to church to west. Residential development to east of Feidr Fach.
JUDP desig	gnation		outside settlement limit.
Environme	ntal Desig	gnations /Constraints	None. Site is allocated as open space within the LDP.
_		res? Has any existing d on existing uses	Site has been proposed for development through the LDP process.
Would the of the settle		ribute to the setting	Western boundary (high hedges) attractive element along Feidr Fawr. Similarly undeveloped frontage to west of path on east.
Will the G	-	coalescence of	
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment			No.
	_	manage urban trolled expansion?	
	g the recy	ssist regeneration by scling of derelict nad	
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives		lp to achieve these	Part of this site is identified as open space within the LDP and there is clear policy within Planning Policy Wales for the protection of formal and informal open space. This site in particular is allotments. The remainder of the site lies within the centre boundary for Dinas and allocation as green wedge would no be appropriate.
Conclusion	: designa	te GW?	No
If YES does boundaries	s the GW j	follow physical	Not applicable
Notes			Lower priority as graveyard is an established use and area to east is not easil accessible for vehicles.
Overall Red	commendo	ation	Do not designate as green wedge.

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Location	Dinas (Cross playing	fields.
Form Ref DO	Curren	at Use	Playing fields / children's play area.
Size Ha	1.33	nt land use	Residential frontage to A487 to west. Dinas Cross School grounds to east. Agricultural land to north. Frontage development to south.
JUDP designat	ion		Recreational Open Space outside settlement limits.
Environmental	Designations	/Constraints	none
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses			none
Would the GW of the settleme		the setting	Confirm the character of Dinas Cross which reflects the substantial breaks in frontage development.
Will the GW posettlements?	revent coalesco	ence of	The character of Dinas consists of groups of housing fronting the A487 separated by open spaces.
Will the GW h countryside fro			Existing playing field.
Will the GW h			
Is the GW likel encouraging the other land?		•	
Can other polic objectives	ies help to ach	nieve these	Special Qualities Policy is applicable in relation to this site. Part of this site is identified as open space within the LDP and is in recreational use and there is clear policy within Planning Policy Wales for the protection of formal and informal open space and this is the only play area within this centre.
Conclusion: d	esignate GW?		No
If YES does the boundaries	If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries		Not applicable
Notes			
Overall Recom	mendation		This site does not require protection through green wedge policy since Special Qualities Policy provides sufficient protection and open space is protected through the provision of Planning Policy Wales. Do not designate green wedge.
Green Wed	ge Referer	nce	16
Location	Dinas (Cross Village	Green
Form Ref DO Size Ha	Curren	at Use	Mown grass. Access lanes and car park area (minor) at eastern end fronting A487.
~-40 440	0.67 <i>Adjace</i>	nt land use	Residential around village green. Rough gorse etc to south west. Tennis Courts to east and hillside.
JUDP designat	ion		Outside settlement limits.
Environmental	Designations	/Constraints	none
Development P green wedge in		-	none

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Yes, mown area within residential setting forms a very attractive part of Dinas Cross.

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Restrict any development to south east.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Whilst this is village green, the open space designation is for amenity value, and as such the green wedge will assist in ensuring that openness is retained.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Yes

Frontage to A487. Dwellings to south west and north east. Hedges and private lanes around periphery.

Notes

To the west of the village green / tennis courts there is occasional development fronting the A487.

Settlement Capacity Study: The open areas of land which separate the two main sections of Dinas Cross must be kept free from development if the two sections of the village are not to coalesce to form a single linear settlement strung out along the main A487 road.

(Page 20). Development Constraints. There is a need to maintain the open land which separates the two parts of the settlement and a degree of porosity along the frontage of the linear development. The existence of Green Wedge designations on the open land separating the two parts of the village supports this observation. The open views from Bwlchmawr up to the scarp face to the south should also be maintained.

Overall Recommendation

Designate as Green Wedge.

Green W	/edge R	Reference	17	
Location		Dinas Cross south of	f A487 - Tennis Courts.	
Form Ref	DC9	Current Use	Cut grass and tennis courts.	
Size Ha	0.51	Adjacent land use	Cluster of dwellings to south west. Edge of rough land /gorse to south east. Caravan site entrance to north east. A487.	
JUDP desig	gnation		Village green outside settlement limits.	
Environme	ntal Desig	nations /Constraints	none	
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses			none	

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An attractive entrance to Dinas Cross mirroring the village green opposite.

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

The green wedge will help to retain character defining gaps betweenbuilt areas

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

yes

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Whilst part of the site is also recreational open space, the green wedge relates to a larger parcel of land which should be considered as a cohesive whole.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Yes

A487, residential curtilage to south west and north east. Rough land to south east. Caravan site to east.

Notes

Context / Character. Dinas Cross has developed on two axes;

·□one along the A487 with a clear eastern end at Maes y Ffynnon and to the west a village green and tennis court on the north and south of the A487 respectively. There is a central Green Wedge focussed on undeveloped fields north and south of the A487 separating the east and west sections of Dinas. ·□a northern development towards Brynhenllan where there is an existing Green wedge on the western side of Feidr Fawr.

To the west of the village green / tennis courts there is occasional development fronting the A487.

Settlement Capacity Study: The open areas of land which separate the two main sections of Dinas Cross must be kept free from development if the two sections of the village are not to coalesce to form a single linear settlement strung out along the main A487 road.

(Page 20). Development Constraints. There is a need to maintain the open land which separates the two parts of the settlement and a degree of porosity along the frontage of the linear development. The existence of Green Wedge designations on the open land separating the two parts of the village supports this observation. The open views from Bwlchmawr up to the scarp face to the south should also be maintained.

Overall Recommendation

Designate Green Wedge

Green W	/edge R	Reference	18
Location		Pen y Foel Dinas Cr	oss West.
Form Ref Size Ha	DC10	Current Use	Rough land - gorse etc.
Size Ha	4.57	Adjacent land use	Residential single dwellings to east and west. A potential Green Wedge to south opposite side of A487.
JUDP desig	gnation		Outside settlement limits.
Environme	ntal Desig	gnations /Constraints	none
-	Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses		none

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Protect the south west entry to Dinas Cross and stop its western drift.

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Would resist encroachment into the countryside to the east of Dinas - tendancy for linear development

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

No

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Yes

A487 curtilage boundaries to north east and south west and field boundary to rear

Notes

Context / Character. Dinas Cross has developed on two axes;

·□one along the A487 with a clear eastern end at Maes y Ffynnon and to the west a village green and tennis court on the north and south of the A487 respectively. There is a central Green Wedge focussed on undeveloped fields north and south of the A487 separating the east and west sections of Dinas. ·□a northern development towards Brynhenllan where there is an existing Green wedge on the western side of Feidr Fawr.

To the west of the village green / tennis courts there is occasional development fronting the A487.

Settlement Capacity Study: The open areas of land which separate the two main sections of Dinas Cross must be kept free from development if the two sections of the village are not to coalesce to form a single linear settlement strung out along the main A487 road.

(Page 20). Development Constraints. There is a need to maintain the open land which separates the two parts of the settlement and a degree of porosity along the frontage of the linear development. The existence of Green Wedge designations on the open land separating the two parts of the village supports this observation. The open views from Bwlchmawr up to the scarp face to the south should also be maintained.

Overall Recommendation

Designate Green Wedge to help resist inappropriate development

Green W	/edge R	eference	19
Location		South Glanafon Dina	as Cross West
Form Ref Size Ha	DC11 1.15	Current Use	Hedges / woodland fronting small fields.
		Adjacent land use	Small groupings of residential developments to north east and south west. Countryside to rear and to north west.
JUDP desig	gnation		Outside settlement limits.
Environme	ntal Desig	nations /Constraints	none
-	Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses		none

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Restrict opportunity for frontage development along A487.

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Restrict opportunity for frontage development along A487.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Yes, restrict opportunity for frontage development along A487.

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

no

objectives

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Conclusion: designate GW?

Yes

A487 to north west. Curtilages of residential development to north east. Less obvious to south west.

Notes

Context / Character. Dinas Cross has developed on two axes;

·□one along the A487 with a clear eastern end at Maes y Ffynnon and to the west a village green and tennis court on the north and south of the A487 respectively. There is a central Green Wedge focussed on undeveloped fields north and south of the A487 separating the east and west sections of Dinas. ·□a northern development towards Brynhenllan where there is an existing Green wedge on the western side of Feidr Fawr.

To the west of the village green / tennis courts there is occasional development fronting the A487.

Settlement Capacity Study: The open areas of land which separate the two main sections of Dinas Cross must be kept free from development if the two sections of the village are not to coalesce to form a single linear settlement strung out along the main A487 road.

(Page 20). Development Constraints. There is a need to maintain the open land which separates the two parts of the settlement and a degree of porosity along the frontage of the linear development. The existence of Green Wedge designations on the open land separating the two parts of the village supports this observation. The open views from Bwlchmawr up to the scarp face to the south should also be maintained.

Overall Recommendation

Designate a Green Wedge to resist inappropriate linear development.

Green W	edge R	eference 2	20
Location	Freshwater East / Trewent Hill		
Form Ref Size Ha	FE1 0.09	Current Use Adjacent land use	Private garages, grassland, small paddock of rough grazing Residential frontages. Housing opposite. Access track to rear and agricultural land.
JUDP desig	nation		open countryside outside settlement limits.
Environmen	ntal Desig	nations /Constraints	none
-	Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses		Access to adjanet property ws aapproved in 2006

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Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement? Will the GW prevent coalescence of This is a small gap in an otherwise continuous frontage settlements? Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion? Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land? Can other policies help to achieve these no *objectives* No Conclusion: designate GW? Curtilages of residential properties to south west and north east. Trewent Hill If YES does the GW follow physical and field boundaries. **boundaries** Within the Local Development Policy, Freshwater East is classified as a Tier 5 Notes Location (Countryide) under Policy 6 which allows for sensitive infilling in countryside locations. This site may present such an opportunity which should not be restricted through designation as a green wedge Tier 5 locations have the potential to be considered for infill or small extension. **Overall Recommendation** This site could satisfy these requirements and designation as a green wedge would unnecessarily restrict consideration of this opportunity. **Green Wedge Reference** 21 Location Freshwater East / Chapel Lane Form Ref FE2 Agricultural land to rear of hedge. Current Use Size Ha 11.02 Residential development to south and north to part of eastern Adjacent land use side of Chapel Lane. Open countryside. JUDP designation none Environmental Designations / Constraints Development Pressures? Has any existing none green wedge impacted on existing uses Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Yes, along western frontage.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Yes as frontage to large field to west.

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

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Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these *objectives*

Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP only permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical **boundaries**

Notes

Overall Recommendation

and would be a consideration in deciding development proposals here.

This is a significant gap between built areas which does not provide a sensitive infilling or small extension opportunity, and protection is afforded under Policy 6 of the LDP for countryside locations.

Green Wedge Reference

1.02

22

No

Location Freshwater East / Portclew Road

Form Ref Size Ha FE3

Current Use

Adjacent land use

Open grassland beyond hedge.

Residential frontage to road a) at Freshwater East

b) at Portclew

Agricultural land to north

JUDP designation

Open countryside.

Environmental Designations / Constraints

Development Pressures? Has any existing

green wedge impacted on existing uses

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Yes, stop coalescence of Portclew and Freshwater East. (Portclew is mainly covered by Conservation Area designation).

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Yes, from potential development in depth.

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these *objectives*

Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical **boundaries**

Notes

No

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Green Wedge Refere	ence 23
Location Fresh	water East south west
	nt Use Rough Grass field and trees.
Size Ha 0.7 Adjad	cent land use Chalet site to west, dunes to north. Frontage (to coast) to east and minor development to south with yacht park.
JUDP designation	Outside village limits.
Environmental Designation	Lies entirely within the freshwater East Local Nature Reserve and partly within TAN15 C2 area coastal flood zone.
Development Pressures? Ho green wedge impacted on ex	
Would the GW contribute t of the settlement?	o the setting
Will the GW prevent coales settlements?	Separate holiday accommodation site from Freshwater East coastal development.
Will the GW help to safegu countryside from encroach	
Will the GW help to manag form through its controlled	
Is the GW likely to assist regencouraging the recycling of other land?	
Can other policies help to a objectives	Policy of the LDP resists development or land use changes that would be liable to significantly harm the nature conservation value of a site of local nature conservation interest. This site is therefore protected from inappropriate development.
Conclusion: designate GW	No
If YES does the GW follow poundaries	physical
Notes	
Overall Recommendation	The site is entirely withinthe LNR for Freshwater East and protection is provided. Do not designate as green wedge
Green Wedge Refere	ence 24
Location Hook	
	ent Use Woodland on southern banks of the Haven.
Size Ha 15.68 Adjad	Linear frontage development to south of road and frontages on north side, interspersed with undeveloped wooded land.
JUDP designation	Outside settlement limits for Hook
Environmental Designation	s /Constraints Part within Little Milford and Hook Wood (semi natural);

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Milford Haven Waterway Historic Landscape; mostly Hook Wood SSSI.

Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses

Applications have related to existing buildings. Potential sites for development have been proposed as part of the LDP process.

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Important to retain woodland between C road and Daugleddau.

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Prevent coalescence of existing frontages.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

The proposed green wedge is largely woodland. The importance of which is identified at 5.2.8 of PPWales and the Special Qualities policy of the LDP. Large tracts of this land is also of national deisngation (SSSI) and adjacent to International Designation. Frontage development can also be resisted here thorugh existing policy objectives.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Notes

No

Overall Recommendation

No designation of green wedge

	:оттепас	iiion	
Green W	/edge R	eference	25
Location		Houghton (east of B	urton Road)
Form Ref	HG1	Current Use	Hedges to front of agricultural land to east.
Size Ha	0	Adjacent land use	Linear development to north. A few properties to south. Main part of village west side of C road.
JUDP designation Environmental Designations /Constraints			Outside settlement limit for Houghton.
		gnations /Constraints	None
-		res? Has any existing d on existing uses	No planning applications are registered within the area of the National Pa
Would the of the settle		ribute to the setting	
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?		coalescence of	Prevent coalescence of frontage / linear development along C road.
settlements			

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Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Undeveloped frontage along this road is outside of the National Park. The main justification for this Green Wedge does not lie within this Authority's jurisdiction. The Special Qualities of the National Park are set out in policy and are sufficient to ensure protection from inappropriate development.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Notes

No

Overall Recommendation

To not designate Green Wedge. Road frontage is outside of the National Park.

	ommenaa			
Green W	/edge R	eference	26	
Location		Lawrenny by church		
Form Ref	LR1	Current Use Adjacent land use	Foreground to church. Meadow (occasionally mown) and trees.	
Size Ha	0.94		Residential development - village to east and dwelling to south. Youth Hostel Association to north. Woodland to west in walled garden.	
JUDP designation			Outside settlement limits - except for one property.	
Environme	ntal Desig	nations /Constraints	Historic Landscape & Historic Garden, part Treee Preservation order. Both the church and church gate way are listed buildings.	
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses			The application boundary for the Restoration of buildings, glass houses, visitor facility, tea-rooms and car parking encroaches within the area for consideration.	
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?		ibute to the setting	Protect the setting of the church and character of the village.	
Will the GV settlements	-	coalescence of		
	_	safeguard the croachment		
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?		9		
	g the recy	sist regeneration by cling of derelict nad		
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives		lp to achieve these	The proposed green wedge, and a further extensive area of land lies within the Historic Garden at Lawrenny. There is sufficient protection under this designation to resist inappropriate development. The setting of the listed building would also be a consideration, as would be the loss of trees on this site.	
Conclusion	: designa	te GW?	No	

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Notes

Overall Recommendation

0.14

Size Ha

Adjacent land use

Do not designate Green Wedge.

Green Wedge Reference	27
Location Little Haven by Nation	onal Park Authority Car Park.
Form Ref LH1 Current Use	Small meadow.
Size Ha 0.19 Adjacent land use	NPA Car Park. Residential properties. Boat storage. RNLI and public toilets. Woodland to east on hillside.
JUDP designation	Outside settlement limit for Little Haven.
Environmental Designations /Constraints	Conservation Area for majority. Entirely within the TAN15 C2 Coastal Flooding Zone.
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses	No planning applications
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?	Yes, especially if incorporated bank to east with trees and car park / boat park to south.
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?	
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment	
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?	
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?	
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives	Policy 6 – Tier 5 allows for sensitive infilling in countryside locations, and this site lies outside the centre boundary for Little Haven. Tier 5 locations have the potential to be considered for infill or small extension. This site could satisfy these requirements and designation as a green wedge would unnecessarily restrict consideration of this opportunity. It also lies within the flood zone which will be a consideration in relation to any development proposals.
Conclusion: designate GW?	No
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries	
Notes	
Overall Recommendation	Do not designate Green Wedge.
Green Wedge Reference	28
Location Little Haven / Strawl	berry Hill
Form Ref LH2 Current Use	Scrub, small trees on sloping bank including one property.

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Residential to north and south. Residential to east and car

park. Field to rear of trees on bank and with scrub.

JUDP designation	Outside settlement limit for Little Haven	
Environmental Designations /Constraints	Conservation Area.	
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses	The provision of a boat store replaced an existing delipidated store at the site. the boast store has since received permission for displacy of artist work and lobster pots etc.	
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?	Yes, emphasises the valley setting of Little Haven with fingers of woodland / copse within the village.	
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?	Prevent coalescence of frontages development.	
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment		
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?		
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?		
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives	Policy 18 Amenity of the LDP resists development in visually prominent locations. There is also tree cover on at least part of this site, which would be a consideration.	
Conclusion: designate GW?	No	
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries		
Notes		
Overall Recommendation	Considered visually prominent. Policy 18 Amenity would apply regarding this site and designated as a green wedge is not supported for this reason.	
Green Wedge Reference	29	
Location Little Haven / Strawb	perry Hill south west.	
Form Ref LH3 Current Use	Trees along Strawberry Hill. Agricultural land to rear with access lane to house.	
Size Ha 2.37 Adjacent land use	Residential curtilages to south west and north east and to south east of Strawberry Hill.	
JUDP designation	Outside settlement limits for Little Haven.	
Environmental Designations /Constraints	SE corner within TAN 15 C2 Coastal floodig zone.	
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses	the site was proposed for development through the LDP process.	
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?	Maintain the rural / valley setting of Little Haven. Approach is via a sunken lane with wooded banks.	
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?	Stop frontage development.	

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Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Yes, between Strawberry Hill and coast.

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Policy 45 - Special Qualities is applicable in relation to this site

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Notes

Overall Recommendation

This site does not require protection through green wedge policy since Policy
45 Special Qualities provides sufficient protection.

Green Wedge Reference

30

No

Location Llangwm - southern shore of Llangwm Pill

Form Ref

Size Ha

LG1

Current Use

Woodland to bank of Cleddau.

0.82 *Adjacent land use*

Between existing houses on road frontage. Open field to south.

JUDP designation

Outside the settlement limit.

Environmental Designations / Constraints

Frontage to river lies in Conservation Area.

Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses

No planning applications have been submitted for this site.

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Would prevent coalescence of frontage along this road.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

The importance of woodland is identified at 5.2.8 of Planning Policy Wales, and Policy 45 LDP Special Qualities. There is no need to identify woodland as green wedge since protection exists under alternative policy objectives.

Conclusion: designate GW?

No

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If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

C road to south. Residential curtilages to east and west and estuary to north.

Notes

Overall Recommendation

This site does not require protection through green wedge policy since Policy 45 Special Qualities provides sufficient protection.

Green Wee	dge R	eference	31	
Location		Lydstep		
Form Ref	D1	Current Use	Open field (with horses). Poorer land.	
Size Ha	1.85	Adjacent land use	Frontage residential development to north, single house to south. Intermittent development fronting lane on east side. Agricultural land to west.	
JUDP designa	tion		Open countryside. No settlement limit for Lydstep.	
Environmenta	l Desig	nations /Constraints	Within the Manorbier Historic Landscsape	
-		es? Has any existing d on existing uses	The frontage of this field was proposed for development throup rocess. There are no planning applications registered for this	
Would the GV of the settleme		ibute to the setting		
Will the GW p settlements?	prevent	coalescence of	Limit continuation of frontage development along an unadopte	d lane.
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment			Yes. Should development in depth be considered?	
	_	manage urban trolled expansion?		
	•	sist regeneration by cling of derelict nad		_
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives		lp to achieve these	Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensing redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permit infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in	ot be allowed to ts sensitive
Conclusion:	lesigna	te GW?	No	
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries				
Notes				
Overall Recommendation			This is a significant gap between built areas which does not p infilling or small extension opportunity, and protection is afford of the LDP for countryside locations.	

Olecii W	oreen wedge kererence 32			
Location Manorbier east of Warlow Meadow			⁷ arlow Meadow	
Form Ref	MB1	Current Use	Poor quality grassland. Mature trees. Better quality pasture to north.	
Size Ha	0.6	Adjacent land use	Residential frontage to south and west (Warlow Meadow).	
	_			

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	Morfa Villas to east. Agricultural land to north and block of woodland.
JUDP designation	Green Wedge outside settlement limit.
Environmental Designations /Constraints	Conservation Area. Within the Manorbier Historic Landscape. Some boundaries are subject to Tree Preservation Order.
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses	There are no planning applications within this area.
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?	Provides a contrast to frontage development in Manorbier and an attractive aspect for overlooking properties from east and from south.
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?	green Wedge designation has restricted develolment of an important frontage gap within the centre of Manorbier.
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment	
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?	
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?	
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives	No
Conclusion: designate GW?	Yes
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries	Settlement boundaries and field boundary to north west.
Notes	Context / Character: Manorbier is a compact settlement overlooking the castle and bay. The approach from the north is along tree lined lanes sections of which are very narrow (single width). Skrinkle is a former MOD estate generously laid out and a considerable contrast with the informal Manorbier. There are two separate elements of the estate based on Dewing Avenue and on Hounsell Avenue. Between Manorbier and Skrinkle is an area of agricultura land containing two playing fields either side of B4585.
	Settlement Capacity Study: Manorbier (page 41). 1. The modern linear extension to the village along the Jameston road is incongruous but the visual effect is muted by the nature and extent of the vegetation fronting the road. 2. The outlying residential area to the west should remain separated from the old village and not be expanded in view of its exposed site. 3. Maintain open land between the old village and the modern residential area to the east.
	page 42. Development Constraints. Maintain the open land between eastern residential area and the old village.
Overall Recommendation	Designate as Green Wedge.
Green Wedge Reference	33

Green Wedge Reference 33				
Location		Manorbier west of B	34585	
Form Ref Size Ha	MB2	Current Use	Open field over looking Castle. Horses graze.	
	1.45	Adjacent land use	Housing frontage to north. Housing fields to west beyond bank of trees	
JUDP designation			Outside settlement limits	
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Environmental Designations / Constraints

Conservation Area. Within Manorbier Historic Landscsape

Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses

A small part of the area lies within the curtilage of a planning application for the development of a domestic garage.

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Yes (when viewed from south west)

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Prevent coalescence along frontage to B4585.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Yes

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

No

Conclusion: designate GW?

Yes

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Yes, road boundary to east, curtilages to north and south, and field boundary to west.

Notes

Context / Character: Manorbier is a compact settlement overlooking the castle and bay. The approach from the north is along tree lined lanes sections of which are very narrow (single width). Skrinkle is a former MOD estate generously laid out and a considerable contrast with the informal Manorbier. There are two separate elements of the estate based on Dewing Avenue and on Hounsell Avenue. Between Manorbier and Skrinkle is an area of agricultural land containing two playing fields either side of B4585.

Settlement Capacity Study: Manorbier (page 41).

1. The modern linear extension to the village along the Jameston road is incongruous but the visual effect is muted by the nature and extent of the vegetation fronting the road. 2. The outlying residential area to the west should remain separated from the old village and not be expanded in view of its exposed site. 3. Maintain open land between the old village and the modern residential area to the east.

page 42. Development Constraints. Maintain the open land between eastern residential area and the old village.

Overall Recommendation

Designate as a Green Wedge.

Green Wedge Reference 34

Location Manorbier - Skrinkle south of Wheelers Way

Form Ref

MB3

Current Use

Areas of grassland and trees / bushes.

Size Ha

0.38

Adjacent land use

Residential estates of Wheelers Way, Windy Ridge, to east and Hounsell Avenue etc to south west. Otherwise

agricultural land.

JUDP designation

Within settlement limit.

Environmental Designations / Constraints

Within Manorbier Historic Landscape

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Development Pressures? Has any of	existing
green wedge impacted on existing	uses

Planning applications have come forward for development on this strategic gap.

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Yes, currently the areas of Wheelers Way and Hounsell Avenue can be regarded as separate entities. View of sea from B4585.

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Yes, currently the areas of Wheelers Way and Hounsell Avenue can be regarded as separate entities. View of sea from B4585.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Yes

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

No

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Yes

B4585. Residential curtilages. Field boundaries.

Notes

Development of this area would significantly alter the character of the developed areas of Skrinkle, and impact upon views. Whilst existing policy has resisted development, designation as a green wedge provides surity and is supported for the area to the south of Wheelers Way, both within and outside the centre boundary.

Context / Character: Manorbier is a compact settlement overlooking the castle and bay. The approach from the north is along tree lined lanes sections of which are very narrow (single width). Skrinkle is a former MOD estate generously laid out and a considerable contrast with the informal Manorbier. There are two separate elements of the estate based on Dewing Avenue and on Hounsell Avenue. Between Manorbier and Skrinkle is an area of agricultural land containing two playing fields either side of B4585.

Settlement Capacity Study : Manorbier (page 41).

1. The modern linear extension to the village along the Jameston road is incongruous but the visual effect is muted by the nature and extent of the vegetation fronting the road. 2. The outlying residential area to the west should remain separated from the old village and not be expanded in view of its exposed site. 3. Maintain open land between the old village and the modern residential area to the east.

page 42. Development Constraints. Maintain the open land between eastern residential area and the old village.

Overall Recommendation

Designate as Green Wedge to maintain distinction between Wheelers Way and Hounsell Avenue.

Green Wedge Reference

35

Location		le	
Form Ref Size Ha	MB4 8.79	Current Use	Open fields together with two football / sports areas, one on either side of the road B4585.
яце Пи		Adjacent land use	Farm land to north and south. Residential areas of Manorbier to west and Skrinkle to east.
JUDP designation			Open countryside.

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Environmental Designations / Constraints

Within Manorbier Historic Landscape. Part designated as open space

Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses

Part of this land was submitted for development under the LDP

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

At present the areas of Manorbier and Skrinkle are very distinct. Development between the two would be disproportionate even with the two playing fields. With pressure to build, a Green Wedge would be of benefit.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Yes.

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

No

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Yes

Yes, frontage to B4585 and field boundaries. But a) to include or exclude amenity area west of boundary road in Hounsell Avenue, Skrinkle, and b) northern and north east extent of Green Wedge.

Notes

Context / Character: Manorbier is a compact settlement overlooking the castle and bay. The approach from the north is along tree lined lanes sections of which are very narrow (single width). Skrinkle is a former MOD estate generously laid out and a considerable contrast with the informal Manorbier. There are two separate elements of the estate based on Dewing Avenue and on Hounsell Avenue. Between Manorbier and Skrinkle is an area of agricultural land containing two playing fields either side of B4585.

Settlement Capacity Study: Manorbier (page 41).

1. The modern linear extension to the village along the Jameston road is incongruous but the visual effect is muted by the nature and extent of the vegetation fronting the road. 2. The outlying residential area to the west should remain separated from the old village and not be expanded in view of its exposed site. 3. Maintain open land between the old village and the modern residential area to the east.

page 42. Development Constraints. Maintain the open land between eastern residential area and the old village.

Overall Recommendation

Designate a Green Wedge to preserve identities of Skrinkle and Manorbier and prevent coalescence.

Green Wedge Reference

Manorbier east of B4585

36

Form Ref

Location

MB6

Current Use

Grassland - trees front road.

Size Ha

4.22

Adjacent land use

Housing frontages opposite. Residential to south. Property to north.

JUDP designation

Open countryside.

Environmental Designations / Constraints

Within Manorbier Historic Landscape

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Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses

Parts of this area have been proposed for development through the LDP process.

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Retain the very rural approach to Manorbier - trees, shaded lane etc.

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Will the GW help to safeguard the

countryside from encroachment

Yes, fields to east would be lost or reduced in size.

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

No

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Yes

Yes, follows B4585 and curtilages to north and south. Field boundary to rear.

Notes

Part of this green wedge was proposed by the Authority for development thorugh the LDP. Consultation revealed however that development would have a negative impact on the setting of the conservation area, and would be considered visually prominent unless the site was lowered. The green wedge was therefore designated to ensure that surity exists in relation to the site.

Context / Character: Manorbier is a compact settlement overlooking the castle and bay. The approach from the north is along tree lined lanes sections of which are very narrow (single width). Skrinkle is a former MOD estate generously laid out and a considerable contrast with the informal Manorbier. There are two separate elements of the estate based on Dewing Avenue and on Hounsell Avenue. Between Manorbier and Skrinkle is an area of agricultural land containing two playing fields either side of B4585.

Settlement Capacity Study : Manorbier (page 41).

1. The modern linear extension to the village along the Jameston road is incongruous but the visual effect is muted by the nature and extent of the vegetation fronting the road. 2. The outlying residential area to the west should remain separated from the old village and not be expanded in view of its exposed site. 3. Maintain open land between the old village and the modern residential area to the east.

page 42. Development Constraints. Maintain the open land between eastern residential area and the old village.

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Overall Recommendation

Designate Green Wedge

Green Wedge Reference 37

0.64

Location Manorbier in vicinity of school.

Form Ref MB7
Size Ha 0

Current Use

Adjacent land use

Small area of woodland.

Manorbier School to east. Buttyland Caravan site to east. Garden Centre to north. Chapels and graveyard to south west. Chalet park to west behind trees.

JUDP designation

No settlement limit for this part of Manorbier.

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Environmental Designations / Constraints

Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Stop development of frontages properties.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Planning Policy Wales 2.6.13 states that when considering green wedges local planning authority's will need to ensure that sufficient range of development land is available which is suitably located in relation to the existing urban edge and the proposed green wedge.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Will the GW help to safeguard the

countryside from encroachment

C road to east and south. Garden centre to north. Field boundary to west.

Notes

Overall Recommendation

This green wedge is proposed at a site which is required for development, and because of the need to ensure sufficient range of development land is not supported.

Green W	/edge R	eference	38	
Location	Form Ref ML1 Current Use			
Form Ref			Agricultural land, part camp site. Part open spcae designation.	
Size Ha	15.25 Adjacen	Adjacent land use	Road frontage development to south east and west. Agricultural land to north.	
JUDP designation			Outside village limits.	
Environmental Designations /Constraints			Part Zone B flood area.	
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses			Part of the area has been suggested for development through the LDP process.	
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?			Maintain the linkages between countryside and village along Glebe Lane.	
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?				

By restricting frontage development to fields.

No

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Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?	
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?	
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives	no
Conclusion: designate GW?	Yes
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries	Glebe Lane to south and west. Curtilages of existing proper north and field boundaries to north and east. Gay Lane to so

Notes

erties. North Lane to outh

developments to Gay Lane and Glebe Lane.

Context / character. Small village centred around village green and on frontage

Settlement Cpacity Study: Marloes (page 42). ...there are only limited opportunities for residential infill within the settlement boundary on individual sites without detriment to the linear form of the village and the very open character of the countryside which surrounds it.

Designate as Green Wedge to prevent continuation of frontage development **Overall Recommendation** and maintain character.

Green Wedge Reference 39				
Location		Moylegrove		
Form Ref	MG1	Current Use	Banks to sunken road, access to fields, especially to north.	
Size Ha	4.16	Adjacent land use	Frontage development along lane from village centre.	
JUDP desig	gnation		No settlement limit for Moylegrove.	
Environme	ntal Desig	nations /Constraints	none	
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses		•	The area includes land with permission for a house and garage and consenwas granted for a temporary classroom at the school, although the school may no longer operate.	
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?		ibute to the setting	Would protect the existing non developed frontages which are either the shadowed lane or glimpses of the countryside / valley setting.	
Will the GV settlements	-	coalescence of		
	-	safeguard the croachment		
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?				

encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside.

Conclusion: designate GW?

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No

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Notes

Overall Recommendation

This is a significant gap between built areas which does not provide a sensitive infilling or small extension opportunity, and protection is afforded under Policy 6 of the LDP for countryside locations.

Green W	/edge R	Reference	40
Location		Mynachlogddy south	
Form Ref	MD1	Current Use	Frontages to pasture and poor quality land. Play area, tree copses.
Size Ha	5.94	Adjacent land use	Number of properties. Pasture land of varying quality - open moor.
JUDP desig	gnation		No settlement limit for Mynachlogddu.
Environme	ntal Desig	gnations /Constraints	Within Historic Landscape, part within SAC, SSSI and TAN 15 Zone Zone C2, part open space, playground
_		res? Has any existing d on existing uses	Applications for domestic extension, clubhouse and public toilets have been approved within the area
Would the of the settle		ribute to the setting	Preserve the character of Mynachlogddu, occasional development / countryside / woodland.
Will the G settlements	-	coalescence of	
	_	safeguard the croachment	
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?			
	g the recy	ssist regeneration by ocling of derelict nad	
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives		elp to achieve these	Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside
Conclusion	: designa	te GW?	No
If YES does boundaries	s the GW	follow physical	
Notes			
Overall Rec	commendo	ation	This is a significant gap between built areas which does not provide a sensitive infilling or small extension opportunity, and protection is afforded under Policy of the LDP for countryside locations.
Green W	/edge F	Reference	41
	_		

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Form Ref MD2	Current Use	Small woodland copse.
<i>Size Ha</i> 0.12	Adjacent land use	Frontage development to east and west. Managed field opposite. Mountain pasture to rear.
JUDP designation		No village limits for Mynachlogddu
Environmental Design	nations /Constraints	within Historic Landscape
Development Pressure green wedge impacted		none known
Would the GW control of the settlement?	ibute to the setting	Preserve the character of Mynachlogddu of occasional development with countryside and woodland.
Will the GW prevent settlements?	coalescence of	
Will the GW help to s countryside from enc		
Will the GW help to i	_	
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?		
Can other policies hel	lp to achieve these	Policy 6 – Tier 5 allows for sensitive infilling in countryside locations.
Conclusion: designat If YES does the GW fooundaries		No
Notes		
Overall Recommenda	tion	Tier 5 locations have the potential to be considered for infill or small extension. This site could satisfy these requirements and designation as a green wedge would unnecessarily restrict consideration of this opportunity.
Green Wedge R	eference 4	12
Location	Mynachlogddu north	
Form Ref MD3	Current Use	Pastureland, moorland, clumps of trees. Include few residential properties.
<i>Size Ha</i> 2.86	Adjacent land use	Pasture curtilages of residential property. Play area to south. Mountainside to north.
JUDP designation		No settlement limit for Mynachlogddu.
Environmental Design	nations /Constraints	Within Historic Landscape
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses		Small part proposed for development through the LDP. Planning consent for a residential dwelling also approved.
Would the GW control of the settlement?	ibute to the setting	Preserve character of Mynachlogddu of occasional development with countryside and woodland.

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Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Notes

Overall Recommendation

This is a significant gap between built areas which does not provide a sensitive infilling or small extension opportunity, and protection is afforded under Policy 6 of the LDP for countryside locations.

Green Wedge Reference 43 Location Mynachlogddu north east.

No

Form Ref MD4 Current Use Pasture, better quality.

Size Ha 1.06

Adjacent land use Pasture to north and east. Residential curtilages to east and west. Woodland to south and moorland.

JUDP designation No settlement limits to Mynachlogddu.

Environmental Designations / Constraints Historic Landscape

Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses

none known

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Preserve character of Mynachlogddu of occasional development / countryside / woodland.

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

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Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these *objectives*

Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical **boundaries**

Notes

This is a significant gap between built areas which does not provide a sensitive infilling or small extension opportunity, and protection is afforded under Policy 6

Overall Recommendation

			of the LDP for countryside locations.				
Green Wedge Reference 44							
Location		Mynachlogddu east					
Form Ref MD5 Current Use 0.25 Adjacent land use			Part car park. Small woodland with amenity area. Residential to south and north. Fields to east – (poor drainage). Small wood to west.				
JUDP designation			No settlement limit for Mynachlog-ddu				
Environmental Designations / Constraints		gnations /Constraints	within Historic Landscape, part within SAC, SSSI, part Zone C2 flood TAN 15, part open spcae designation				
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses		•	none known				
Would the of the settle		ribute to the setting	Preserve the character of Mynachlog-ddu – with occasional development and countryside				
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?		t coalescence of					
	-	safeguard the croachment					

No

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Can other policies help to achieve these *objectives*

Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical **boundaries**

Notes

No

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Size Ha

13.26

This is a significant gap between built areas which does not provide a sensitive infilling or small extension opportunity, and protection is afforded under Policy 6 of the LDP for countryside locations.

Green Wedge	Reference	45
Location	Newgale	
Form Ref NG1	Current Use	Marsh land with Brandy brook Stream which discharges into Newgale Sands
Size Ha 0.	Adjacent land use	Commercial properties to north and south. Beach to west. River valley to east.
JUDP designation	!	No village limits for Newgale.
Environmental De	esignations /Constraints	entirely within TAN15 Zone C2
-	sures? Has any existing cted on existing uses	Part within curtilage for commercial property where applications have been approved for shower and changing facilities for surf hire shop.
Would the GW co of the settlement?	entribute to the setting	
Will the GW prevented settlements?	ent coalescence of	Prevent coalescence of frontage by river bridge.
Will the GW help countryside from		
-	to manage urban controlled expansion?	
	o assist regeneration by ecycling of derelict nad	
Can other policies objectives	help to achieve these	This land is within the flood plain at Newgale and liable to flooding coastal flooding, but also fluvial flooding along the stream. This area is marsh land and development opportunities are restricted. The remainder of the frontage area is within the curtilage of an existing commerical use, and used as car parking area. Land to the north of the stream does not represent an appropriate infill opportunity and is marshland.
Conclusion: design	gnate GW?	No
If YES does the G boundaries	W follow physical	A487 to west, curtilages of properties to north and south. Stream to south, field boundaries to east.
Notes		
Overall Recomme	ndation	To not designate Green Wedge. This is a important gap between built areas which does not provide a sensitive infilling or small extension opportunity, and protection is afforded under Policy 6 of the LDP for countryside locations and Special Qualities policy.
Green Wedge	Reference	46
Location	New Hedges east of	B4316
Form Ref NH1	Current Use	Grazing land.

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Adjacent land use

Charles Norris Gardens (residential) to west. Cross Park residential to south. Residential frontage to B4316 to north. Agricultural land to east. Green Wedge (SF3) to north west.

JUDP designation

Part Green Wedge outside settlement limits.

Environmental Designations / Constraints

none

Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses

none

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Yes, maintains the link between the countryside and New Hedges and separates caravan sites from the village.

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Yes with Saundersfoot to the north, balanced with Tenby to the south (TB1)

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Yes, fields in agricultural use.

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion? Yes, land allocated for residential development to the west of the green wedge

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

no

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical **boundaries**

Yes

Yes, B4316 to west. Field boundaries to east and residential curtilages to south and north.

Notes

Amendment to the southern boundary is required to allow for potential development access to site at New Hedges. Amendment has also been made to allow substantive planted buffer and perimeter planting in relation to site proposed for development. A significant extension is proposed to the green wedge to take account of comments arising from the Community Panel Workshop for this area during October 2008.

Context / character : The area between Saundersfoot and New Hedges consists of rising ground which forms a dome in the area of Twy Cross. This area is fairly exposed and the grassland is generally well managed. Whilst the area between New Hedges and Tenby is the foreground for a number of caravan sites to the east, the impression is of open green fields (the majority of the caravan pitches lie closer to the sea). The southern sector is bounded by trees and shrubs giving a 'closed' feeling to the A477 before the 'discovery' of Tenby (and with fields to the rear).

Settlement Capacity Study: (page 49). There is no scope to accommodate additional residential or commercial development within the National Park without detriment to the local landscape. [Further investigation has revealed the potential for residential development at New Hedges].

Overall Recommendation

Designate as a Green Wedge to retain the separate identities of New Hedges and Saundersfoot / prevent their coalescence.

Green Wedge Reference

47

Location

New Hedges, north east of Knightston Close

Form Ref

NH2

2.46

Current Use

Grass field for grazing.

Size Ha Adjacent land use

Caravan site to south and Rowston Drive Residential Caravan Site to north Lodge Farm. Knightston Close to west. Agricultural land to east.

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Outside village limits. JUDP designation none Environmental Designations / Constraints Development Pressures? Has any existing none green wedge impacted on existing uses Would the GW contribute to the setting Yes, retains links between New Hedges and countryside. of the settlement? Will the GW prevent coalescence of Prevent coalescence of caravan sites. settlements? Will the GW help to safeguard the Yes, fields adjoining B4316 are in agricultural use. countryside from encroachment Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion? Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land? Can other policies help to achieve these no objectives Yes Conclusion: designate GW? B4316 to west. Rowston Caravan site to south. Road of Lodge Farm Caravan If YES does the GW follow physical Park to south. Field boundary to east. **boundaries** Context / character : The area between Saundersfoot and New Hedges **Notes** consists of rising ground which forms a dome in the area of Twy Cross. This area is fairly exposed and the grassland is generally well managed. Whilst the area between New Hedges and Tenby is the foreground for a number of caravan sites to the east, the impression is of open green fields (the majority of the caravan pitches lie closer to the sea). The southern sector is bounded by trees and shrubs giving a 'closed' feeling to the A477 before the 'discovery' of Tenby (and with fields to the rear). Settlement Capacity Study: (page 49). There is no scope to accommodate additional residential or commercial development within the National Park without detriment to the local landscape. [Further investigation has revealed the potential for residential development at New Hedges].

Overall Recommendation

Designate a Green Wedge.

Location		Newport north side o	of A487			
-		Tremport north side (
Form Ref	NP1	Current Use	Wooded area adjacent / road frontage (A487) . Agricultural field to r			
Size Ha	1.67	Adjacent land use	Grounds of Cotham House to east and of residential to west. Agricultural fields to north. Fields to south of A487 and small woodland.			
JUDP desig	gnation		Outside settlement limit.			
Environmental Designations /Constraints		gnations /Constraints	Conservation Area, Historic Landscsape. Some boundaries have tree preservation orders			

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Development Pressures? Has any	existing
green wedge impacted on existing	uses

Application for a dwelling refused on part of this land some year ago (1998). Part of site proposed for development through the LDP process.

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Yes, as reflected in existing Conservation Area status.

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Would confirm division between older Newport (with settlement limit) and newer Newport (without a settlement limit).

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Yes, significant fields between older and newer Newport.

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

no

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Yes

Yes Feidr Ganol to north, A487 to south curtilage of Cotham House to east.

Notes

Context / character. Newport and the Parrog (centred on the old harbour area) are defined by the coastline and the Nyfer estuary to the north and the slopes of Carningli to the south. To the east along the A487 the settlement boundary is relatively well defined. However, to the west a mixture of caravan sites and dispersed residential development requires a clear policy statement to control pressures to infill with single properties or small clusters.

Landscape Character Assessment Study: Newport. (page 58).

- 1. \Box The coast provides a strong sense of place.
- 2. □Newport's strong natural setting contributes greatly to the sense of place. The importance of the overlapping effect of trees, woodland and hedgebanks within the area create the feel of a town in a woodland when viewed from the northeast across the estuary a unique feature in the coastal context of this part of the National Park.

(page 59)

3.□....with the church tower and castle as prominent landmarks in the scene.
4.□Retain and enhance wherever possible the woodland, trees and hedgebank vegetation which contributes strongly to the setting of the town, especially on the western edges.

Overall Recommendation

Designate a Green Wedge to separate old and new Newport

Green Wedge Reference 49

Location Newport east of Newport Castle

Form Ref

NP2

Small fields and church with graveyard.

Size Ha

2.15

Adjacent land use

Current Use

Frontage developments to Goat Street and Feidr Eglwys. Castle grounds to west and open fields to east. Newport village to north.

JUDP designation

Outside settlement limits.

Environmental Designations / Constraints

Western half in Conservation Area. Contains scheduled Ancient Monument. Constains listed building, within Historic Landscape. Contains small area of open space. Contains land allocated for residential development.

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Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Protects view of castle and preserves the general quietness of southern older Newport / curtilage of churchyard.

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Prevent coalescence of development south of Feidr Eglwys with areas south of Goat Street.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Yes, fields involved are grazed.

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Planning Policy Wales 2.6.13 states that when considering green wedges local planning authority's will need to ensure that sufficient range of development land is available which is suitably located in relation to the existing urban edge and the proposed green wedge.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

No

Notes

Area serviced by narrow roads and hedges which form part of the character.

Overall Recommendation

This green wedge is proposed at a site which is required for development .The boundary of the green co-incides at least in part with the development site, and because of the need to ensure sufficient range of development land is not supported.

Green Wedge Reference

50

Location	Newport North of castle				
Form Ref	NP3	Current Use	Hedges to road. Managed field.		
Size Ha	0.39	Adjacent land use	Newport Castle to south, residential development to west, north and east.		
JUDP designation Environmental Designations / Constraints			Outside settlement limits		
		nations /Constraints	Conservation Area. Historic Landscape, Listed Building. Part within centre boundary for LDP.		
Development Pressures? Has any existing		res? Has any existing	none		

Would the GW contribute to the setting

green wedge impacted on existing uses

Important to setting of the Castle (Ancient Monument) and the rural nature of this part of Newport.

of the settlement?

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

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Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

No

Notes

Narrow lanes with hedges/ walls service the area.

Overall Recommendation

Conclusion: designate GW?

boundaries

If YES does the GW follow physical

This is a significant gap between built areas which does not provide a sensitive infilling or small extension opportunity, and protection is afforded under Policy 6 of the LDP for countryside locations.

A487 to north. Residential curtilages to west and east and mixture of field

			of the EDF for country side recations.			
Green W	/edge R	Reference	51			
Location Newport south of A48		Newport south of A4	37			
Form Ref	NP4	Current Use	Woodland fronting A487. Agricultural land to south.			
Size Ha	3.61	Adjacent land use	Residential and proposed Green Wedge to north. Frontage residential to east and west.			
JUDP desig	gnation		Outside settlement limits. Allocation for Community Use (part).			
Environmental Designations /Constraints		gnations /Constraints	Part within Conservation Area - eastern part of frontage. Historic Landscape.			
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?		•	Parts of this area have been proposed for development through the LDP process. Applications at the eastern side of the green wedge have approved replacement agricultural dwelling and extension to domestic curtilage, domestic extension and double garage. Yes, maintain shaded approach / exit from the town in conjunction with (NP1).			
		ribute to the setting				
Will the G		coalescence of	Yes, stop possible coalescence of old Newport with developments to west.			
	-	safeguard the croachment	Yes. Fields to south of A487.			
		manage urban ntrolled expansion?				
	g the recy	ssist regeneration by ocling of derelict nad				
Can other p objectives	olicies he	elp to achieve these	No			

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boundaries to south.

Notes

Context / character. Newport and the Parrog (centred on the old harbour area) are defined by the coastline and the Nyfer estuary to the north and the slopes of Carningli to the south. To the east along the A487 the settlement boundary is relatively well defined. However, to the west a mixture of caravan sites and dispersed residential development requires a clear policy statement to control pressures to infill with single properties or small clusters.

Landscape Character Assessment Study: Newport. (page 58).

- 1. ☐ The coast provides a strong sense of place.
- 2. Newport's strong natural setting contributes greatly to the sense of place. The importance of the overlapping effect of trees, woodland and hedgebanks within the area create the feel of a town in a woodland when viewed from the northeast across the estuary a unique feature in the coastal context of this part of the National Park. (page 59)
- 3.□....with the church tower and castle as prominent landmarks in the scene.
 4.□Retain and enhance wherever possible the woodland, trees and hedgebank vegetation which contributes strongly to the setting of the town, especially on the western edges.

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Overall Recommendation

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Designate green wedge

Green V	Vedge R	Reference	52
Location	J	Newport north of Par	rrog
Form Ref	NP5	Current Use	Boat park to south east. Horse in field. Managed field. Open space. Boat park.
Size Ha 2		Adjacent land use	Residential to south and south east. Tidal estuary to west, north and east. Agricultural land to east as in suggested NP6.
JUDP desig	gnation		Outside settlement limits.
Environme	ntal Desig	gnations /Constraints	Within Conservation Area. Within Historic Landscape,. Part open space designation
-		res? Has any existing d on existing uses	Applications have been received relating to Public Conveniences within the area, and a site has been proposed for development through the LDP process.
Would the of the settl		ribute to the setting	Yes, the Parrog area is very much related to port activities and the estuary setting. The current 'open quality' to be preserved.
Will the G settlements	-	coalescence of	
	_	safeguard the croachment	
	_	manage urban ntrolled expansion?	
	g the recy	ssist regeneration by ocling of derelict nad	
Can other pobjectives	policies he	elp to achieve these	Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside
Conclusion	: designa	te GW?	No
If YES doe boundaries		follow physical	
Notes			

This is a significant gap between built areas which does not provide a sensitive infilling or small extension opportunity, and protection is afforded under Policy 6 of the LDP for countryside locations.

Green Wedge Reference	53				
Location Newport between not	rth of old town and estuary.				
Form Ref NP6 Current Use Size Ha	Mixture of small fields, playing fields. Ancient Monuments, caravan site. Hedgerow trees.				
13.45 Adjacent land use	To south residential development, caravan sites. Estuary to north.				
JUDP designation	Outside settlement limits. Include recreational open space.				
Environmental Designations /Constraints	Includes 2 Ancient Monument sites. Within Historic Landscape part open space designation				
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses	Applications within the area include a pony shelter, garage, shed and extension to curtilage. Applications have also been made in relation to the existing school.				
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?	Preserves the 'green' setting between the older Newport and the tidal estuary. Protect setting of Coast Path.				
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?					
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment	Yes, significant areas of land between the estuary and Newport adding up to countryside.				
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?					
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?					
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives	Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside				
Conclusion : designate GW?	No				
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries					
Notes					
Overall Recommendation	This is a significant gap between built areas which does not provide a sensitive infilling or small extension opportunity, and protection is afforded under Policy of the LDP for countryside locations.				
Green Wedge Reference	54				
Location West of Morawelon,	Parrog Newport				
Form Ref NP7 Current Use	Camping and caravan site. Boat parking.				
Size Ha 0.66 Adjacent land use	Café and residential property to east. Housing to west. Estuary to north and camping site to south.				
JUDP designation	Outside settlement limits for Newport.				

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Environmental Designations	/Constraints
----------------------------	--------------

Northern section in Conservation Area. Historic Landscape

Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses

No

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Defines the western extremity of old Newport as only pedestrian bridge to west, before frontage to Coast Path.

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Between old Newport and Linear fronting Coast Path (reflected in settlement boundary).

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

No

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Yes

Coast Path to north. Property curtilages to east and west. Southern boundary to be determined as per Conservation Area.

Notes

Context / character. Newport and the Parrog (centred on the old harbour area) are defined by the coastline and the Nyfer estuary to the north and the slopes of Carningli to the south. To the east along the A487 the settlement boundary is relatively well defined. However, to the west a mixture of caravan sites and dispersed residential development requires a clear policy statement to control pressures to infill with single properties or small clusters.

Landscape Character Assessment Study: Newport. (page 58).

- 1. ☐ The coast provides a strong sense of place.
- 2. Newport's strong natural setting contributes greatly to the sense of place. The importance of the overlapping effect of trees, woodland and hedgebanks within the area create the feel of a town in a woodland when viewed from the northeast across the estuary a unique feature in the coastal context of this part of the National Park.

(page 59)

3.□....with the church tower and castle as prominent landmarks in the scene.
4.□Retain and enhance wherever possible the woodland, trees and hedgebank vegetation which contributes strongly to the setting of the town, especially on the western edges.

Overall Recommendation

Designate Green Wedge to maintain open frontage which is an important local feature for views from the Coast Path which is elevated.

Green W	/edge R	eference	55
Location	South Rock House Parrog Newport		
Form Ref	NP8 0.57	Current Use	Small hay fields to south of Coast Path.
Size Ha		Adjacent land use	Residential frontages to east and west. Estuary to north. Farmland and occasional housing to south.
JUDP desig	nation		Beyond settlement limits
Environmental Designations /Constraints		nations /Constraints	Northern part in Conservation Area. Historic Landscape

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Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Prevents continuation of frontage development along Coast Path at a point where high tide walks leave the estuary.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these *objectives*

No

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical **boundaries**

Yes

Curtilages of buildings to east and west. Field boundaries to south. Coast Path to north and lane to east

Notes

Context / character. Newport and the Parrog (centred on the old harbour area) are defined by the coastline and the Nyfer estuary to the north and the slopes of Carningli to the south. To the east along the A487 the settlement boundary is relatively well defined. However, to the west a mixture of caravan sites and dispersed residential development requires a clear policy statement to control pressures to infill with single properties or small clusters.

Landscape Character Assessment Study: Newport. (page 58).

- 1. ☐ The coast provides a strong sense of place.
- 2. Newport's strong natural setting contributes greatly to the sense of place. The importance of the overlapping effect of trees, woodland and hedgebanks within the area create the feel of a town in a woodland when viewed from the northeast across the estuary - a unique feature in the coastal context of this part of the National Park. (page 59)
- 3. with the church tower and castle as prominent landmarks in the scene. 4. □ Retain and enhance wherever possible the woodland, trees and hedgebank vegetation which contributes strongly to the setting of the town, especially on the western edges.

Overall Recommendation

Designate Green Wedge to protect countryside setting of Coast Path.

Green Wedge Reference 56

Location Newton Mountain south of chapel Form Ref NM₁

Pasture, small field. Current Use Size Ha 1.13

Residential area to west. Hill Mountain frontage development Adjacent land use to north. Single dwelling to south. Hedge to roadside.

Not within settlement limit for Hill Mountain JUDP designation

Historic Landscape Environmental Designations / Constraints

27 August 2009 Page 48 of 80 Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Would prevent coalescence of frontage development.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Notes

Do not designate Green Wedge.

Overall Recommendation

Green	Wedge	Reference	57

Location	Retween	The	Rurgage	and	Saxondale	Nolton	Haven
Locaton	DUINCUL	1111	Duigust	unu	Dunonual	11011011	IIUVCII

Form Ref NT1 Current Use Unmanaged / natural vegetation. Trees to roadside.

Size Ha

1.04

Adjacent land use

Residential frontages to south east and north west.
Agricultural land to north. Trees / hedge field to south.

No

JUDP designation No settlement limit for Nolton.

Environmental Designations / Constraints none

Development Pressures? Has any existing An application for a residential property has been refused planning consent. green wedge impacted on existing uses

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Would prevent continuous development of frontage properties in long wooded lane

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

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Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land? Can other policies help to achieve these No *objectives* Yes Conclusion: designate GW? C road, curtilages of existing properties to west and east. Field boundary to If YES does the GW follow physical **boundaries** Context / character. Variety of development along minor road. Nolton Haven -Notes Small coastal settlement at mouth of valley. Designate Green Wedge. **Overall Recommendation**

/edge R	eference	58
	North West Nolton	
NT2 1.77	Current Use Adjacent land use	Woodland possibly include abandoned farm buildings to east. Trees / agricultural land to south. Frontage development to west and Nolton Village to east. Agricultural land to north.
gnation		No settlement limits for Nolton.
ntal Desig	nations /Constraints	none
Development Pressures? Has any existing reen wedge impacted on existing uses		Consent had previously been granted for conversion of outbuildingstoresidential dwelling and garage.
	NT2 1.77 gnation ntal Desig	North West Nolton NT2 Current Use 1.77 Adjacent land use gnation ntal Designations /Constraints nt Pressures? Has any existing

Save woodland.

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Between Nolton to east and frontage development to west.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these *objectives*

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical

Yes

C road curtilages of existing properties to east and west. Field boundary to

Notes

boundaries

Context / character. Variety of development along minor road. Nolton Haven -

Small coastal settlement at mouth of valley.

Overall Recommendation

Designate Green Wedge - presumption against frontage development.

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Green Wedge Reference	59
Location Nolton Haven ne	ar caravan site at Folkeston Hill.
Form Ref NT3 Current Use	Rough land, east part managed.
Size Ha 0.45 Adjacent land u	See Entrance to caravan site - Folkeston Hill to south. Curtilages of properties to north east. Frontage to C road. Agricultural land to north.
JUDP designation	No settlement limits for Nolton.
Environmental Designations /Constra	ints none
Development Pressures? Has any exist green wedge impacted on existing uses	9
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?	g
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?	Prevent coalescence of properties to north with managed entrance to caravan site.
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment	
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion	?
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration encouraging the recycling of derelict nother land?	·
Can other policies help to achieve thes objectives	e Policy 18 – Special Qualities is applicable in relation to this site
Conclusion: designate GW?	No
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries	
Notes	This site does not require protection through green wedge policy since Policy 18 provides sufficient protection.
Overall Recommendation	Do not designate as green wedge
Green Wedge Reference	60
Location Pisgah	
Form Ref PG1 Current Use	Field
Size Ha 0.53 Adjacent land u	Residential to north and south. Open countryside to east and west.
JUDP designation	Not within a settlement limit.
Environmental Designations /Constra	ints Historic Landscape
Development Pressures? Has any exist green wedge impacted on existing uses	-

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Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement? Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements? Will the GW help to safeguard the Yes, Pisgah settlement to north and frontage to south. Development of frontage would eliminate attractive long distance view to east. countryside from encroachment Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion? Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land? Can other policies help to achieve these Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to *objectives* damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside. No Conclusion: designate GW? If YES does the GW follow physical **boundaries** Notes This is a significant gap between built areas which does not provide a sensitive **Overall Recommendation** infilling or small extension opportunity, and protection is afforded under Policy 6 of the LDP for coutryside locations. **Green Wedge Reference** 61 Location Pontfaen Form Ref Wooded slopes to west, graveyard to east. Current Use Size Ha 0.07 Residential properties to west. Jabes Chapel and house to Adjacent land use east. Graveyard opposite and agricultural land, woodland to north of road. Open Countryside JUDP designation Site is entirely tree Preservation Order. Environmental Designations / Constraints Development Pressures? Has any existing Site proposed for development through the LDP process. green wedge impacted on existing uses Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement? Will the GW prevent coalescence of Present linear development along C road. settlements? Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

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Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical **boundaries**

Notes

infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside. Policy 45 Special qualities would be a consideration for this site.

Overall Recommendation Do not designate Green Wedge

Overall Recommendation	Do not designate Green Wedge.	
Green Wedge Reference	62	
Location Porthgain central gr	reen	
Form Ref PN1 Current Use Size Ha 0.43	Variety of buildings and uses surround central green areas and car parking.	
Adjacent land use	Variety of buildings and uses forming Porthgain Village. Moorland to south east.	
JUDP designation	No settlement boundary.	
Environmental Designations /Constraints	Conservation area, part open space	
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses	part of the site considered for development within the LDP process	
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?	Porthgain clusters around the 'village green'.	
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?		
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment		
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?		
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?		
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives	No	
Conclusion : designate GW?	Yes	
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries	The Green Wedge would be defined by the minor road network and building curtilages.	
Notes	Context / character. A small village centred on the harbour.	
Overall Recommendation	Designate an 'internal' green wedge as its retention is key to the character of Porthgain.	

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Green Wedge	Reference	63
Location	Port Lion	
Form Ref PL1	Current Use	Hayfield behind hedge.
Size Ha 13.18	Adjacent land use	Residential frontage to west. Single property to east. Residential frontage to south.
JUDP designation		No settlement limits for Port Lion
Environmental Desi	ignations /Constraints	Historic Landscape
Development Pressu green wedge impact	ures? Has any existing ed on existing uses	none
Would the GW contof the settlement?	tribute to the setting	Prevent frontage development mirroring that opposite (south).
Will the GW prevent settlements?	nt coalescence of	
Will the GW help to countryside from en		
Will the GW help to form through its co	o manage urban ntrolled expansion?	
_	assist regeneration by cycling of derelict nad	
Can other policies h objectives	elp to achieve these	Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside
Conclusion : design	ate GW?	No
If YES does the GW boundaries	follow physical	
Notes		
Overall Recommend	lation	Do not designate Green Wedge
Green Wedge	Reference	64
Location	Port Lion	
Form Ref PL2	Current Use	Small Wood
<i>Size Ha</i> 0.29		Frontage development to east and south, and Hill Mountain to west. Farmland to south, east and north.
JUDP designation		No settlement limits for Port Lion.
Environmental Desi	ignations /Constraints	Part of Conservation Area (north)
Development Pressu green wedge impact	ures? Has any existing ed on existing uses	none

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Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Prevent coalescence of frontage development.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside. Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Notes

No

Overall Recommendation

Do not designate green wedge.

Green W	Vedge R	Reference	65
Location		Rosebush north west	
Form Ref Size Ha	RB1 2.52	Current Use Adjacent land use	Field with woods to north. Frontage development to north west and south east. Agricultural land to west. Caravan site with lakes to south
JUDP desig	gnation		No settlement limits for Rosebush.
Environme	ntal Desig	gnations /Constraints	none
-		res? Has any existing d on existing uses	Application for an agricultural shed was refused
Would the of the settle		ribute to the setting	
Will the G settlements	-	coalescence of	Prevent coalescence of frontage development.
	-	safeguard the croachment	Prevent coalescence of frontage development.
	_	manage urban atrolled expansion?	

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Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these *objectives*

Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical **boundaries**

boundaries

Notes

Notes

infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside.

Do not designate as Green Wedge

No

Overall Recommendation		ation	Do not designate as Green Wedge.	
Green W	/edge R	Reference	66	
Location		Saundersfoot - King	George V Playing Fields	
Form Ref Size Ha	SF1	Current Use	Mixture of woodland and open fields. Caravan site in south east (south of tennis courts).	
50,0 110	12.57	Adjacent land use	Residential areas of Saundersfoot to north and south. Playing fields to east. Agricultural land to west.	
JUDP desig	gnation		Outside settlement limits. Part Playing field, part Green Wedge.	
Environme	ntal Desig	gnations /Constraints	Isolated tree preservation order trees	
-		res? Has any existing ed on existing uses	maintained openess	
Would the of the settle		ribute to the setting	Green Wedge in valley bottom. Residential development on higher land to north and south (Ridgeway and Sandyhill Road).	
Will the G		t coalescence of		
	-	safeguard the croachment	Important to protect mixed countryside with Green Wedge of woodland and open fields.	
	-	manage urban ntrolled expansion?		
	g the recy	ssist regeneration by ocling of derelict nad		
Can other pobjectives	oolicies he	elp to achieve these	no	
Conclusion	: designa	te GW?	Yes	
If YES does	s the GW	follow physical	Existing settlement limits and field boundaries to west, (currently excludes	

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playing fields).

Includes a small caravan park Context / character : The area between Saundersfoot and New Hedges

consists of rising ground which forms a dome in the area of Twy Cross. This area is fairly exposed and the grassland is generally well managed. Whilst the area between New Hedges and Tenby is the foreground for a number of caravan sites to the east, the impression is of open green fields (the majority of the caravan pitches lie closer to the sea). The southern sector is bounded by trees and shrubs giving a 'closed' feeling to the A477 before the 'discovery' of Tenby (and with fields to the rear).

Settlement Capacity Study: Saundersfoot (page 59).

- 1.□....the two main areas separated by an area of lower-lying open land which contributes to the local landscape character and allows for views down to the sea from inland areas.
- 2. This open area of land separates The Ridgeway and Rushylake areas of the town. It is a locally distinctive feature and contributes greatly to the form of the settlement and the sense of place, allowing views to the sea. As a consequence it should be protected from further residential or commercial development, in keeping with its current Green Wedge designation.

page 60

- 1.Local Context. The open area of farmland separating the two main parts of the settlement is an important element of local distinctiveness.
- 2. Development Constraints. Maintain the existing separation between the areas of Saundersfoot north and south, defined by the valley which is designated as Green Wedge and supports this recommendation. The edge of existing housing is the natural visual limit to the settlement.

Overall Recommendation

Can other policies help to achieve these

If YES does the GW follow physical

Conclusion: designate GW?

objectives

boundaries

Designate as a Green Wedge with existing and potential uses as formal and informal recreation and amenity.

No. Whilst some of this area is wooded, the area must be seen as a whole

Yes, road frontage to B4316. To south of residential development. North east

Green W	edge R	eference	67	
Location		West of Rusheylake I	Bridge Saundersfoot	
Form Ref	SF2	Current Use	Wooded frontage to road and in depth.	
Size Ha	3.13	Adjacent land use	Residential development to north. Residential frontage to south. Housing opposite side of road.	
JUDP desig	nation		Green Wedge	
Environmen	ntal Desig	nations /Constraints	none	
		es? Has any existing d on existing uses	No planning applications are registered within the existing gre	en wedge area.
Would the of the settle		ibute to the setting		
Will the GV settlements	-	coalescence of	Prevent loss of woodland frontage along Broadfield Hill in stream	ım valley.
	-	safeguard the croachment		
	-	manage urban trolled expansion?		
	•	sist regeneration by cling of derelict nad		_

including agricultural land

of road frontage and field boundaries.

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Yes

Notes

Context / character : The area between Saundersfoot and New Hedges consists of rising ground which forms a dome in the area of Twy Cross. This area is fairly exposed and the grassland is generally well managed. Whilst the area between New Hedges and Tenby is the foreground for a number of caravan sites to the east, the impression is of open green fields (the majority of the caravan pitches lie closer to the sea). The southern sector is bounded by trees and shrubs giving a 'closed' feeling to the A477 before the 'discovery' of Tenby (and with fields to the rear).

Settlement Capacity Study : Saundersfoot (page 59).

- 1.□....the two main areas separated by an area of lower-lying open land which contributes to the local landscape character and allows for views down to the sea from inland areas.
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page 60.

- 1.Local Context. The open area of farmland separating the two main parts of the settlement is an important element of local distinctiveness.
- 2. Development Constraints. Maintain the existing separation between the areas of Saundersfoot north and south, defined by the valley which is designated as Green Wedge and supports this recommendation. The edge of existing housing is the natural visual limit to the settlement.

Overall Recommendation

Retain Green Wedge.

Overan Ket				
Green W	edge R	eference	68	
Location		Broadfield west of B	4316 Saundersfoot	
Form Ref Size Ha	SF3	Current Use	Agricultural land. Small wooded area to south by roundabout.	
	8.43	Adjacent land use	Agricultural land to north west, caravan site to north. Residential to east. Green Wedge to south east at New Hedges. Pasture to south west.	
JUDP desig	nation		Green Wedge outside settlement limit.	
Environme	ntal Desig	nations /Constraints	None	
-		es? Has any existing d on existing uses	none known	
Would the of the settle		ibute to the setting	Yes. Maintain the separate identities of New Hedges and Saundersfoot and maintain the rural entrance to Saundersfoot.	
Will the GV settlements	-	coalescence of	Yes. Between New Hedges and Saundersfoot.	
	-	safeguard the croachment	Yes.	
	-	manage urban trolled expansion?		
		sist regeneration by cling of derelict nad		
Can other p objectives	olicies he	lp to achieve these	No	
Conclusion	: designa	te GW?	Yes	

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If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Yes, the majority of the boundaries follow the highway edges and field boundaries.

Notes

Context / character: The area between Saundersfoot and New Hedges consists of rising ground which forms a dome in the area of Twy Cross. This area is fairly exposed and the grassland is generally well managed. Whilst the area between New Hedges and Tenby is the foreground for a number of caravan sites to the east, the impression is of open green fields (the majority of the caravan pitches lie closer to the sea). The southern sector is bounded by trees and shrubs giving a 'closed' feeling to the A477 before the 'discovery' of Tenby (and with fields to the rear).

Settlement Capacity Study: Saundersfoot (page 59).

- 1.□....the two main areas separated by an area of lower-lying open land which contributes to the local landscape character and allows for views down to the sea from inland areas.
- 2. This open area of land separates The Ridgeway and Rushylake areas of the town. It is a locally distinctive feature and contributes greatly to the form of the settlement and the sense of place, allowing views to the sea. As a consequence it should be protected from further residential or commercial development, in keeping with its current Green Wedge designation.

page 60.

- 1.Local Context. The open area of farmland separating the two main parts of the settlement is an important element of local distinctiveness.
- 2. Development Constraints. Maintain the existing separation between the areas of Saundersfoot north and south, defined by the valley which is designated as Green Wedge and supports this recommendation. The edge of existing housing is the natural visual limit to the settlement.

Overall Recommendation

Designate as a Green Wedge to maintain the identities of New Hedges and Saundersfoot. Proposed north east extension to Sandyhill Nurseries / Sandyhill Road. Include Broadfield House in Green Wedge.

Green We	edge R	eference	69	
Location		Saundersfoot Rhode	Wood	
Form Ref Size Ha	SF4 9.85	Current Use Adjacent land use	Woodland to east of Broadfield Hill either side of access road. Western side of Broadfield Hill is residential. Abuts Cwm Gwennol estate to west and residential development to the north. Incorporates access to a holiday park, (Swallow Tree). Coastline to east.	
JUDP design	ation		Outside settlement limits. Apart from minor w part	
Environmen	tal Desig	nations /Constraints	Part shown as Scheduled Ancient Monument, part semi natural woodland	
-		es? Has any existing l on existing uses	none known	
Would the O		ibute to the setting	Preserve the green frontage to Broadfield Hill.	
Will the GW settlements?	-	coalescence of	Controls the extent of the holiday / caravan park.	
Will the GW countryside	-	safeguard the croachment	Protect Dungeon Wood / Rhode Wood.	
	-	manage urban trolled expansion?		

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Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Part of this proposed green wedge is SAM and Policy 45 special qualities and PPWales provide protection to such sites. The remainder is wooded. The importance of woodland is identified at 5.2.8 of PPWales, and Policy 45 LDP Special qualities.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Notes

No

Overall Recommendation

Do not designate green wedge

Overall Recommendation	Do not designate green wedge
Green Wedge Reference	70
Location Saundersfoot north	of Castle View and Whitlow.
Form Ref SF5 Current Use	Agricultural land.
Size Ha 1.84 Adjacent land use	Housing areas to south. Road frontage and caravan park to east. Woodland to north and spur to west. (Agricultural land further west.)
JUDP designation	Open countryside.
Environmental Designations /Constraint	ts
Development Pressures? Has any existin green wedge impacted on existing uses	Site forms part of a larger area suggested for development through the LDP process
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?	Confirm the northern limit of Saundersfoot between residential and woods.
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?	
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment	Restrict development in field between woodland and Whitlow Close.
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?	
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nadother land?	
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives	Policy 18 Amenity of the LDP resists development in visually prominent locations.
Conclusion: designate GW?	No
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries	
Notes	
Overall Recommendation	Considered visually prominent. Policy 18 Amenity would apply regarding this site and designated as a green wedge is not supported for this reason.

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Location		Saundersfoot, south	of Connet Hall
•		Saunaersjoot, south	of Copper Hall
Form Ref Size Ha	SF6 3.89	Current Use	Green field with central clump of trees. Car Park to north. Grounds of Coppet Hall Hotel.
	3.69	Adjacent land use	Caravan Park and agricultural land to west. Beach to east. Wooded slopes to north and residential Saundersfoot to south.
JUDP desig	gnation		Outside settlement limits.
Environme	ntal Desig	gnations /Constraints	Cycleway scheme shown within tunnel across car park. Small part of coastal strip SAC, SSSI. Small area of north wooded
_		res? Has any existing d on existing uses	Part of site proposed for development through the LDP process
Would the of the settle		ribute to the setting	Limit the northern drift of Saundersfoot by frontage development to south and caravan site to south west. Attractive valley to west.
Will the G	_	coalescence of	See above and coalescence with Coppet Hall.
	_	safeguard the croachment	
	_	manage urban ntrolled expansion?	
	g the recy	ssist regeneration by ocling of derelict nad	
Can other p objectives	oolicies he	elp to achieve these	Policy 18 Amenity of the LDP resists development in visually prominent locations. The site also includes an existing car park and cannot, in characte or use be considered to have the potential for an effective green wedge.
Conclusion	: designa	te GW?	No
If YES does boundaries	s the GW	follow physical	
Notes			
Overall Rec	commendo	ation	Part of this site is considered visually prominent. Policy 18 Amenity would ap regarding this site and designated as a green wedge is not supported for this reason, and in relation to the existing use of part of the site as a car park.
Green W	/edge R	Reference	72
Location		Simpson Cross south	a of A487.
Form Ref	SC1	Current Use	Agricultural (grazing)
Size Ha	1.6	Adjacent land use	Frontage to south. Simpson Cross village to north and east. Agricultural land to west.
JUDP desig	gnation		Countryside.
Environmental Designations /Constraints			

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Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Yes, as development on three sides.

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

This site does not provide an appropriate infill or rounding off opportunity. The location is visually prominent and policy can help to resist inappropriate development

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

form through its controlled expansion?

Yes it would. Road frontages to north, east and south. Field boundary to west.

Notes

Overall Recommendation

Do not designate green wedge

Green W	/edge R	Reference	73	
Location	Between Upper and I		Lower Solva	
Form Ref Size Ha	SV1 1.36	Current Use Adjacent land use	Rough scrubland, rock face. Solva village to east and new Solva to west. Harbour to south. Agricultural land to north.	
JUDP desig	gnation		Outside settlement limits.	
Environme	Environmental Designations /Constraints		Conservation Area. SSSI	
-		res? Has any existing d on existing uses	none	
Would the of the settle		ribute to the setting	Yes. Strengthen the western boundary of old Solva - no settlement li	mit.
Will the G	-	coalescence of	Yes, strengthens policy to restrict 'new Solva' linking with the older So (which does not have a settlement limit).	olva
	-	safeguard the croachment		
Will the G	W help to	manage urban		

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Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these *objectives*

No

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical **boundaries**

Yes

Yes, continuous with north side of A487 and boundary of Conservation Area.

Notes

Context / character : The older village is centred around the harbour and Lower Solva Valley and is divided from the newer Solva by a step sided hill rising to

the north of the A487.

Overall Recommendation

Designate Green Wedge.

Overall Recommendation		апоп			
Green W	/edge R	Reference	74		
Location	Solva, east of Fort Ro		oad		
Form Ref	SV2	Current Use Adjacent land use	Hayfields.		
Size Ha	1.4		Residential development to west, north and east. Open land to south leading to harbour and view of sea.		
JUDP desig	JUDP designation Environmental Designations /Constraints		Outside settlement limit for Solva.		
Environme			Conservation Area. Coastal edge SSSI		
-	Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses		A store for dwelling has previously been resisted within the green wedge area.		
	Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?		Current pattern of development permits views across the harbour and to open sea - the reverse view is important. The sea/ Solva relationship is crucial to this part of the village.		
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?		coalescence of			
	-	safeguard the croachment			

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Can other policies help to achieve these *objectives*

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical **boundaries**

Yes

Settlement boundary to west, north and east. Field boundaries to south.

Notes

Context / character : The older village is centred around the harbour and Lower Solva Valley and is divided from the newer Solva by a step sided hill rising to the north of the A487.

Overall Recommendation

Designate as a Green Wedge.

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Green Wedge Refere	
Location Solva	adjacent to Junior School
	nt Use School Playing fields. Grassland.
Size Ha 0 Adjac	ent land use School buildings, school playing fields to north and residential developments to east, west and south.
JUDP designation	Outside settlement limits for Solva
Environmental Designations	s /Constraints part designated open space
Development Pressures? Ha green wedge impacted on ex	
Would the GW contribute to of the settlement?	Green Wedge would offer opportunities for Solva school to development - possible community benefits.
Will the GW prevent coalesc settlements?	cence of
Will the GW help to safegue countryside from encroach	
Will the GW help to manage form through its controlled	
Is the GW likely to assist reg encouraging the recycling of other land?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Can other policies help to acobjectives	hieve these Planning Policy Wales 2.6.13 states that when considering green wedges local planning authority's will need to ensure that sufficient range of development land is available which is suitably located in relation to the existing urban edge and the proposed green wedge.
Conclusion : designate GW?	No
If YES does the GW follow p boundaries	physical and the second
Notes	
Overall Recommendation	This green wedge is proposed at a site which is required for development .The boundary of the green co-incides at least in part with the development site, an because of the need to ensure sufficient range of development land is not supported.
Green Wedge Refere	nce 76
Location St Dav	ids west of Nun Street
	nt Use Small paddock
Size Ha 0.22 Adjac	Frontage development to Nun Street. Mixed uses including Fire Station. Fields to north.
JUDP designation	Outside settlement limits.
Environmental Designations	s /Constraints Historic Landscape

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Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Allows views north west to Carn Lleidi / contrast to frontage.

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Nο

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Minimal effect because of small size of site.

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Planning Policy Wales 2.6.13 states that when considering green wedges local planning authority's will need to ensure that sufficient range of development land is available which is suitably located in relation to the existing urban edge and the proposed green wedge.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Notes

Overall Recommendation

This green wedge is proposed at a site which is required for development .The boundary of the green co-incides at least in part with the development site, and because of the need to ensure sufficient range of development land is not supported.

Green Wedge Reference

77

No

Location

St Davids east of Glasfryn Lane, area of 'farm' field.

Form Ref

SD2

Current Use

Infrequent management of field and farmyard. Woodland around farm.

Size Ha

1.9

Adjacent land use

Currently open grassland to west of Glasfryn Lane. St Davids Assemblies building to north and grassland. Open grassland to east and south. St Davids School and Millard Park to south east areas above subject to LDP allocations.

JUDP designation

Outside settlement limits.

Environmental Designations / Constraints

Historic Landscape

Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses

Approval of application to convert outbuilding to dwelling.

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Prevent coalescence of surrounding development.

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Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Would act as a limit to allocated development until such time as the Plan is reviewed

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

No. Will have a role of premature until Plan is reviewed.

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Policy 6 – Tier 5 allows for sensitive infilling in countryside locations.

objectives

Conclusion: designate GW?

No

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Can other policies help to achieve these

Conclusion: designate GW?

objectives

Glasfryn Lane to west. Field boundaries at present and subsequently development as LDP allocations are implemented.

Notes

Overall Recommendation

Tier 5 locations have the potential to be considered for infill or small extension. This site could satisfy these requirements and designation as a green wedge would unnecessarily restrict consideration of this opportunity.

			would unnecessarily restrict consideration of this opportunity.	
Green W	/edge R	eference	78	
Location		St Davids, north of F	Feidr Pant y Bryn	
Form Ref Size Ha	SD3 0.44	Current Use Adjacent land use	Small field. Residential estate to north under construction Open countryside to south to east. Hotel to south west.	
JUDP desig	gnation		Outside settlement limit.	
Environme	ntal Desig	nations /Constraints	Historic Landscape	
-		es? Has any existing d on existing uses	none	
Would the of the settle		ibute to the setting	Preserves 'countryside' entrance to St Davids.	
Will the G	-	coalescence of		
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment			From development to north.	
	_	manage urban trolled expansion?		
	g the recy	sist regeneration by cling of derelict nad		

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No

Yes

Field boundaries / edge of development. Feidr Pant y Bryn to south. If YES does the GW follow physical **boundaries** Context character. Cathedral City famous for its partially obscured valley Notes setting - at least from the sea with eastward extensions around St Davids School. Settlement Capacity Study: (page 660. Views out to the north and the north west to Carn Llidi and to the south east over the coast. Designate as Green Wedge. **Overall Recommendation Green Wedge Reference 79** Location St Davids east of Feidr Caerfai, south of Feidr Pant y Bryn Form Ref SD4 Field - infrequent management. (In association with hotel / hostel?) Current Use Size Ha 0.56 Residential development to west. NPA car park to north. Adjacent land use Hotel to east. Open countryside to south. Outside settlement limit. JUDP designation Historic Landscape Environmental Designations / Constraints Development Pressures? Has any existing Site suggested for development within LDP process green wedge impacted on existing uses Would the GW contribute to the setting Preserves the countryside approach to St Davids (at least on the east). of the settlement? Will the GW prevent coalescence of Between Feidr Caerfai and the Hotel to the east. settlements? Will the GW help to safeguard the Yes - existing development on three sites. countryside from encroachment Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion? Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land? Can other policies help to achieve these *objectives* Yes Conclusion: designate GW? Road frontage to west and north. Hotel to east, hedge to south. If YES does the GW follow physical **boundaries** Context character. Cathedral City famous for its partially obscured valley Notes setting - at least from the sea with eastward extensions around St Davids School. Settlement Capacity Study: (page 660. Views out to the north and the north west to Carn Llidi and to the south east over the coast. Designate a Green Wedge. **Overall Recommendation**

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80

Green Wedge Reference

Location St Davids west of Ffy	onnon Wen		
Form Ref SD5 Current Use	Fields defined by lanes to west and south and fields west to Waun Isaf		
Size Ha 4.7 Adjacent land use	Residential development to east. Single house to north. Open countryside to west and south. Warpool Hotel to south west.		
JUDP designation	Outside settlement for St Davids.		
Environmental Designations / Constraints	Ancient Monument designation for part. Historic Landscape, Contains listed building		
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses	none		
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?	Defines the western edge of St Davids. Allows views north over the town. Contrasts with perimeter walls of Warpool Court.		
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?			
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment			
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?			
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?			
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives			
Conclusion: designate GW?	Yes		
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries	Yes, road frontage to west. Residential curtilages to east and north. Lane to south.		
Notes	The green wedge includes land to the west to ensure a cohesive whole. Context character. Cathedral City famous for its partially obscured valley setting - at least from the sea with eastward extensions around St Davids School.		
	Settlement Capacity Study: (page 660. Views out to the north and the north west to Carn Llidi and to the south east over the coast.		
Overall Recommendation	Designate as a Green Wedge.		
Green Wedge Reference	81		
Location St Davids east of Wa	un Isaf.		
Form Ref SD6 Current Use	Hayfield.		
Size Ha O Adjacent land use	Residential to west and north east with associated walled garden. Open countryside to south and south east. Single house to south west.		
JUDP designation	Outside settlement limits.		
Environmental Designations /Constraints			

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Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Yes, between Waun Isaf, Ramsey Gardens and property to east.

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Yes

Road boundary to west. Residential curtilages or field boundaries.

Notes

This proposed green wedge has been joined with land to the east to form a cohesive whole for this area.

Context character. Cathedral City famous for its partially obscured valley setting - at least from the sea with eastward extensions around St Davids School.

Settlement Capacity Study: (page 660. Views out to the north and the north west to Carn Llidi and to the south east over the coast.

Overall Recommendation

Designate as Green Wedge.

Green Wedge Reference

Location St Davids between Catherine Street and Pigs Lane.

Form Ref

SD7

Current Use

Woodland / copse

82

Size Ha

0.61

Adjacent land use

Residential to south west and east. Cathedral grounds to north east. Woodland in river valley to west.

JUDP designation

Outside settlement limits.

Environmental Designations / Constraints

Conservation Area. Historic Landscape

Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses

none

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Emphasises the valley/ woodland setting of the Cathedral and Bishops Palace with the town to the south and east.

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

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Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

No. Even though this site is considered to be partly wooded it represents an important gap in the built area adjacent to the existing centre.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

Yes

83

Catherine Street and Pigs Lane to south and east. Conservation boundary to west and stream to north.

Notes

Context character. Cathedral City famous for its partially obscured valley setting - at least from the sea with eastward extensions around St Davids School.

Settlement Capacity Study: (page 660. Views out to the north and the north west to Carn Llidi and to the south east over the coast.

Overall Recommendation

Designate as a Green Wedge.

Green Wedge Reference

Location St Ishmaels Trewarren Road east

Form Ref

SM1

Current Use

Agricultural land.

Size Ha

0.81 *Adjacent land use*

Housing area of Trewarren Close to east. St Ishmaels School

to west. Private house to south.

JUDP designation

Outside village limits

Environmental Designations / Constraints

Historic Landscape

Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses

none

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Relatively little.

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Separate Trewarren Close from School grounds and majority of St Ishmaels.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Will the GW help to manage urban

form through its controlled expansion?

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Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these *objectives*

Planning Policy Wales 2.6.13 states that when considering green wedges local planning authority's will need to ensure that sufficient range of development land is available which is suitably located in relation to the

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical **boundaries**

Notes

Notes

existing urban edge and the proposed green wedge.

Context / character . A compact village. It is important to restrict possible development into the open countryside. The area of Lindsway Villas is slightly

separated from the main village by a strip of land.

Overall Recommendation			Do not designate green wedge		
Green W	/edge F	Reference	84		
Location		St Ishmaels north of	Trewarren Road west		
Form Ref Size Ha	SM2	Current Use	East west narrow gardens to residential property. Agricultural land to north a south of Burgage Green Gardens.		
2000 2100	7.23	Adjacent land use	Fields to north and west, residential development to south and east. Burgage Green estate to north.		
JUDP desig	gnation		Outside settlement limits.		
Environme	ntal Desig	gnations /Constraints	Historic Landscape		
_		res? Has any existing ed on existing uses	A garage store has been approved on a small area within the site.		
Would the of the settle		ribute to the setting	Change the character of Trewarren Road west.		
Will the G		t coalescence of			
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment			The fields to the north and to south of Burgage Green Close.		
	-	manage urban ntrolled expansion?			
	g the recy	ssist regeneration by ecling of derelict nad			
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives		elp to achieve these	NO		
Conclusion	: designa	ute GW?	Yes		
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries			Yes, frontage to Trewarren Road west, curtilages of houses to east and west. Fields to north. South of Burgage Green Close.		

No

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0.00	Juge IX	eference	85		
Location		St Ishmaels, south ea	sst of Seamar.		
Form Ref	SM3	Current Use	Woodlands / undergrowth		
Size Ha	0.44	Adjacent land use	East of track towards Monkshill, dense vegetation west of proposed housing allocation, 733.		
JUDP design	ation		Part within, part outside village limits.		
Environment	tal Desig	nations /Constraints	Historic Landscape		
_		es? Has any existing d on existing uses	none		
Would the G		ibute to the setting	Yes		
Will the GW settlements?		coalescence of			
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment			Protect the woodland.		
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?					
	-	sist regeneration by cling of derelict nad			
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives		lp to achieve these	Policy 18 – Special Qualities is applicable in relation to this site		
Conclusion :	designa	te GW?	No		
If YES does t boundaries	the GW f	follow physical	Lane to Monkshill. Settlement boundary to north. Proposed allocation	to east.	
Notes					
Overall Reco	mmenda	ution	This site does not require protection through green wedge policy sinc 18 provides sufficient protection.	e Policy	
Green We	edge R	eference	86		
Location		Summerhill, south			
Form Ref	SH1	Current Use	Agricultural land.		
Size Ha	1.27	Adjacent land use	Residential properties to north and south, and to east. Agricultural land to rear and to coast. Caravan site to north east.		
JUDP designation			No settlement limit for Summerhill		
Environmental Designations /Constraints					

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Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Prevent linear development on east side of Hill.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Prevent linear development on east side of Hill.

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical

boundaries

No

C road boundary to west.

Notes

Overall Recommendation

This is a significant gap between built areas which does not provide a sensitive infilling or small extension opportunity, and protection is afforded under Policy 6 of the LDP for countryside locations.

Green Wedge Reference 87

Location Square and Compass (A487)

Form Ref

SQ1

Current Use

Pastur

Size Ha

0.42

Adjacent land use

Cemetery to east. Residential frontage to west and beyond cemetery.

JUDP designation

Open countryside.

Environmental Designations / Constraints

NONE

Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses

NONE

Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Prevent coalescence of frontage development.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

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Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside.

Follows A478 boundary on west and Slippery Back to east, otherwise field

boundaries / edges of caravan sites.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical **boundaries**

If YES does the GW follow physical

boundaries

Notes

No

Overall Recommendation		ution	Do not designate Green Wedge.		
Green V	Vedge R	eference	88		
Location Tenby east of A487 be			etween New Hedges and Brynhir		
Form Ref Size Ha	TB1	Current Use	Agricultural land with hedges and trees to A478 and Slippery Back. Contains caravan sales area and car park for caravan site at northern point.		
.	15.05 Adjacent land use		Caravan sites to north. Proposed housing allocation to south (on wooded area). Agricultural land to east and caravan park. Agricultural land / Park House development west across A478.		
JUDP desiş	gnation		Outside settlement limit. Green Wedge.		
Environme	ntal Desig	nations /Constraints	None		
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses		•	Sites proposed for development within the LDP process		
Would the of the settl		ribute to the setting	Maintains the contrast between countryside / hedges and woods with the urban Tenby.		
Will the G		coalescence of	Important that Tenby, New Hedges, Saundersfoot retain their individual characters.		
	Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment		The area between New Hedges and Tenby remains open with fields and caravan sites generally set back on the Waterwynch side.		
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?			Yes, restricting the northward limit of TB2 allocation.		
	g the recy	ssist regeneration by cling of derelict nad			
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives		lp to achieve these	No		
Conclusion: designate GW?		te GW?	Yes		

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-			
	_	te	•

Context / character : The area between Saundersfoot and New Hedges consists of rising ground which forms a dome in the area of Twy Cross. This area is fairly exposed and the grassland is generally well managed. Whilst the area between New Hedges and Tenby is the foreground for a number of caravan sites to the east, the impression is of open green fields (the majority of the caravan pitches lie closer to the sea). The southern sector is bounded by trees and shrubs giving a 'closed' feeling to the A477 before the 'discovery' of Tenby (and with fields to the rear).

Overall Recommendation

Designate green wedge within the LDP

Green Wedge Reference		Reference	89		
Location		Clickett Lane Tenby	West		
Form Ref Size Ha	TB2	Current Use	Fen and Carr with some open water. Agricultural land. Overflow car park for swimming pool.		
	10.17	Adjacent land use	Playing fields to north. Kiln Park caravan site to east. Church and vets to north east. Into PCC section of Green Wedge to south.		
JUDP desig	gnation		Green Wedge outside settlement limits/ part recreational open space to north.		
Environme	ntal Desig	nations /Constraints	Part open space, whole site TAN 15 flood zone C2		
_		es? Has any existing d on existing uses			
Would the of the settle		ribute to the setting	Yes, emphasising the 'natural' status of the Ritec Marsh with the hard urban edge of the Clicketts.		
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?		coalescence of	Yes, maintain the separate identities of Penally and Tenby.		
	_	safeguard the croachment	Yes, with potential pressures from Kiln Park caravan park to extend.		
	_	manage urban trolled expansion?			
	g the recy	ssist regeneration by cling of derelict nad			
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives		lp to achieve these	Whilst this green wedge is within the flood zone C2, this may not ensure that openness is maintained and that the coalescence of Tenby and Penally avoided over such a large area.		
Conclusion	: designa	te GW?	Yes		
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries			Settlement limit of Tenby to west. Northern edge of Playing fields (proposed north extension of Green Wedge). Canalized Ritec to west and south east, and field boundaries to south.		

Notes

Character / Context : The area between Tenby and Penally is more open between the swimming pool and the rising ground of Penally. Only the northern section of this area lies in the NP and includes the playing fields and the Ritec Marsh. To the south the presence of the Kiln Park Service Station forms a major intrusion into the existing Green Wedge.

Landscape Character Assessment: (Page 17). Conserve the naturalistic aspects of the Ritec Valley through the restoration of wetland habitat areas and avoiding built development which would encroach upon them.

Green Wedge Reference	90		
Location Butts Field, Tenby			
Form Ref TB3 Current Use	Wooded eastern slopes (with western slopes including in extension) to car park		
Size Ha 1.65 Adjacent land use	Car park to east. Small amenity area to north. Woodland to west. Hospital to south. Caravan site to north.		
JUDP designation	Green Wedge. Outside settlement limits.		
Environmental Designations /Constraints	Majority in Conservation Area. Site is almost entirely under a tree Preservation Order		
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses	None		
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?	Yes, strong 'natural' woodland envelope to current car park.		
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?	Between proposed changes to Butts Field car park and development to east. Between Butts Field and caravan sites to north.		
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment			
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?			
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?			
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives	The importance of woodland is identified at 5.2.8 of PPWales, and Policy 18 LDP Special qualities.		
Conclusion: designate GW?	No		
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries	Yes, settlement limit around current car park. Waterwynch Lane to rear. Field boundaries to west and north.		
Notes			
Overall Recommendation	There is no need to designate as a green wedge as the site is protected under alternative policy.		
Green Wedge Reference	91		
Location Trefin north west			
Form Ref TF1 Current Use	Terraced open space, fields to north. (Rough land)		
Size Ha 0.43 Adjacent land use	Housing areas to east. Open countryside to south. Small groups of housing outside settlement limit to west.		
JUDP designation	Outside village limits.		
Environmental Designations /Constraints	Conservation Area. Part village green part open space		

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Would the GW of the settlement	ute to t	he setting
Will do City	,	

Yes

Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?

Possible coalescence of frontage housing.

Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment

Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these *objectives*

No

Conclusion: designate GW?

Yes

If YES does the GW follow physical

Yes, C road to south. Properties to east and west field boundary to north.

boundaries

Notes

Character / Context : A discrete village but with undeveloped frontages to the

west.

Overall Recommendation

Propose Green Wedge

Overall Rec	commendo	ation	Propose Green weage.			
Green Wedge Reference			92			
Location	Whitehill Branders F		Park.			
Form Ref Size Ha	WH1	Current Use	A number of frontage properties with fields to rear of roadside hedges or small woods.			
	16.86	Adjacent land use	Frontages of domestic property or fields to rear of hedges.			
JUDP designation			Not in a settlement limit			
Environmental Designations /Constraints			Historic Landscape			
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses			Application for a residential caravan has beenrefused within the area.			
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?			Maintain current character or sporadic housing.			
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements? Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?			The Green Wedge would prevent extensions of linear develop coalescence.			
			Reduce compromising of the 'enclosed' countryside and woodlands.			

27 August 2009 Page 77 of 80 Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

No

Notes

Overall Recommendation

This is a significant gap between built areas which does not provide a sensitive infilling or small extension opportunity, and protection is afforded under Policy 6 of the LDP for countryside locations.

of the LDP for countryside locations. **Green Wedge Reference** 93 Location Whitehill/Teagues Cross Form Ref WH2 Field behind deep hedgerow. Current Use Size Ha 0.93 Domestic properties to east and west. Countryside to south Adjacent land use and across road to north. Not within a settlement limit JUDP designation Historic landscape Environmental Designations / Constraints Development Pressures? Has any existing Site has been suggested for development through the LDP process green wedge impacted on existing uses Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement? Will the GW prevent coalescence of Prevent ribboning development a long Rosemary Lane. settlements? Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?

Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?

Can other policies help to achieve these objectives

Paragraph 9.3.3 of Planning Policy Wales advises that insensitive infilling or redevelopment including conversion and adaptation should not be allowed to damage an areas character and amenity. Policy 6 LDP permits sensitive infilling of small gaps or minor extensions to isolated groups in the countryside.

Conclusion: designate GW?

If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries

No

Notes

Overall Recommendation

This is a significant gap between built areas which does not provide a sensitive

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Green Wedge Reference	94			
Location East of Manorbier				
Form Ref MB5 Current Use Size Ha	Open fields together with two football / sport area on north side of the road B4585.			
15.12 Adjacent land use	Farm land to north and south. Residential areas of Manorbier to west and Skrinkle to east.			
JUDP designation	Open countryside			
Environmental Designations /Constraints	open space.			
Development Pressures? Has any existing green wedge impacted on existing uses				
Would the GW contribute to the setting of the settlement?				
Will the GW prevent coalescence of settlements?	At present the areas of Manorbier and Skrinkle are very distinct. Development between the two would be disproportionate even with the two playing fields. With pressure to build, Green Wedge would be of benefit.			
Will the GW help to safeguard the countryside from encroachment	Yes			
Will the GW help to manage urban form through its controlled expansion?	No			
Is the GW likely to assist regeneration by encouraging the recycling of derelict nad other land?	No			
Can other policies help to achieve these objectives	No			
Conclusion: designate GW?	Yes			
If YES does the GW follow physical boundaries	Yes and frontage to B4585 and field boundaries. But a) to include or exclude amenity area west of boundary road in Hounsell Avenue, Skrinkle. B) Northern and north east extent of Green Wedge.			
Notes	Context / Character: Manorbier is a compact settlement overlooking the case and bay. The approach from the north is along tree lined lanes sections of which are very narrow (single width). Skrinkle is a former MOD estate generously laid out and a considerable contrast with the informal Manorbier. There are two separate elements of the estate based on Dewing Avenue and on Hounsell Avenue. Between Manorbier and Skrinkle is an area of agricultiland containing two playing fields either side of B4585.			
	Settlement Capacity Study: Manorbier (page 41). 1. The modern linear extension to the village along the Jameston road is incongruous but the visual effect is muted by the nature and extent of the vegetation fronting the road. 2. The outlying residential area to the west shou remain separated from the old village and not be expanded in view of its exposed site. 3. Maintain open land between the old village and the modern residential area to the east.			
	page 42. Development Constraints. Maintain the open land between eastern residential area and the old village.			

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Designate a	Green Wedge	to preserve	identities o	of Skrinkle	and Mano	rhier
Designate a	Green weage	i to bieseive	iuenilies c	JI SKIIIIKIE	anu iviano	INICI

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